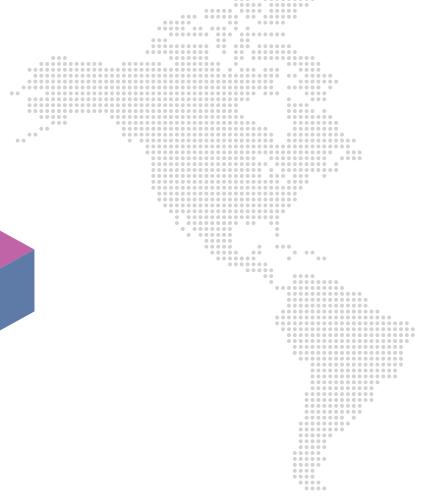


FOR THE AMERICAS







Progress Indicators, 2022 - Region of the Americas

		2	3	4	5						6		7										
					TOBACCO			ALCOHOL				——— HEALTHY DIET ———			8	9	10						
					а	b	C	d	е	a	Ь	C	а	b	C	d							
Country	targets	mortality	surveys	NCD plans	taxes	smoke-free environments		TAPS bans	media campaign	availabilit	advertising restriction		salt policies	trans-fats policies	children marketing	breastmilk substitute	physical activity	NCD guidelines	CVDs drugs and	Fully achieved	Partially		Country
Antigua and Barbuda	0		0	0	0				0	lacktriangle	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	counseling DK	4	2	12	Antigua and Barbuda
Argentina				0					Ŏ		$\overline{\mathbb{Q}}$	ŏ	$\overline{\Phi}$		ŏ	ŏ	ŏ		DK	8	5	5	Argentina
Bahamas				Ŏ	0	0	0	O	ŏ	Ŏ	Ŏ	$\overline{\mathbb{Q}}$	Ŏ	O	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	•	DK	2	5	11	Bahamas
Barbados					NR			ŏ	ŏ		ŏ	\Box	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	\bigcirc	O	1	5	9	Barbados
Belize			O		O	0	0	ŏ	Ö		ŏ	\bigcirc	ŏ	ŏ	Ö	ŏ	ŏ	\bigcirc	ŏ	4	2	13	Belize
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	f) (D		$\overline{0}$		ŏ			0	\bigcap		ŏ		ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	$\overline{0}$	Õ		ŏ	1	6	9	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)
Brazil			Ŏ						Ŏ		Ö	0	$\overline{\bullet}$	Ŏ					ŏ	1	5	3	Brazil
Canada											NR	NR				0				1	5	1	Canada
Chile											O					$\overline{\bullet}$				2	6	1	Chile
Colombia					0				\longrightarrow		$\overline{\mathbb{Q}}$		•							9	8	2	
Costa Rica														ŏ						3	5	1	Colombia
						lacksquare		O			0		O	ŏ		O				7	3	8	Costa Rica
Cuba			Ö	0	NR O			Ö			ŏ	0	ŏ	ŏ	Ö	Ö	0	•	0	1	3		Cuba
Dominica Panublia			\bigcirc		Ö	\bigcirc	0	ŏ	0		ŏ		ŏ	ŏ	\sim	$\overline{}$	\bigcirc		O	3	7	15	Dominica
Dominican Republic	•			0	0			0	0					$\overline{\Box}$				•			,	9	Dominican Republic
Ecuador											NR O	0	0				0		0	8	11 6	3	Ecuador
El Salvador					O			\bigcirc				0	\bigcirc	0						0		5	El Salvador
Grenada			0	0	NR	0	0	0	0	\bigcirc	0		\bigcirc	DK O	0	0	\bigcirc	0	0	5	3 6	13 8	Grenada
Guatemala					0		0	0			0									7			Guatemala
Guyana			\bigcirc		O					O NID	O		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	8	Guyana
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Honduras			\bigcirc	0	0			0	0		0		0	0	0	0	0		0	5	5	9	Honduras
Jamaica	0			0	0			0	0		0				0	0			0	6	4	9	Jamaica
Mexico	0		0	0	\bigcirc				0	\bigcirc	0	Ф				Φ	0		0	8	6	5	Mexico
Nicaragua	0		0	0	0			0	0		\bigcirc	0	0	0			0			3	6	10	Nicaragua
Panama	0		<u> </u>		0				0	\bigcirc	0		\bigcirc	0					0	8	6	5	Panama
Paraguay		\bigcirc			0			0					0	0	0	\square	0		0	5	9	5	Paraguay
Peru			0	0	0			0	0			\bigcirc	Ф			0		<u> </u>	0	7	9	3	Peru
Saint Kitts and Nevis	0		0	0	NR	0	0	0	0		0		0	0	0	0			0	5	0	13	Saint Kitts and Nevis
Saint Lucia Saint Vincent and the	0							0		lacktriangle	0	\bigcirc	0	0	0	0	0	lacktriangle		7	4	8	Saint Lucia
Grenadines			\bigcirc		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	\bigcirc	0	0	0			\bigcirc	6	3	10	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
Suriname	0	\bigcirc							0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	lacktriangle	0	5	3	11	Suriname
Trinidad and Tobago					0			O	ŏ	$\overline{\mathbb{Q}}$	ŏ		ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	$\overline{\mathbb{Q}}$	$\overline{0}$	DK		4	7		
United States of America					Ö	0		Ö			Ö		0	$\overline{\Box}$					DK	9	4	7 5	Trinidad and Tobago United States of America
					0				O		0	O				$\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$		0	DK	9	4 5	4	
Uruguay																			DK	9	5	4	Uruguay
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	0		0	0	0				0	0	0	0	O	0	DK	0			0	6	7	5	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)
Fully achieved	21	24	5	18	3	24	22	9	6	5	2	8	3	6	12	2	13	20	9				
Partially achieved	3	9	23	3	11	3	4	9	10	28	4	16	15	4	0	16	4	13	1				
Not achieved	11	2	7	14	16	8	9	17	19	1	26	9	17	24	22	17	18	1	20				
					_							•											-

Partially achieved



Consider setting **national NCD targets for 2025:**



Member State has set timebound national targets based on WHO guidance



Member State has a functioning system for generating reliable cause-specific mortality data on a routine basis



Member State has a STEPS survey or a comprehensive health examination Survey every 5 years

Consider **developing national multisectoral policies and plans** to achieve the national targets by 2025:



Member State has an operational multisectoral national strategy/action plan that integrates the major NCDs and their shared risk factors

Reduce risk factors for NCDs, building on guidance set out in the WHO Global NCD Action Plan:



Member State has implemented the following five demand-reduction measures of the WHO FCTC at the highest level of achievement:



Reduce affordability by increasing excise taxes and prices on tobacco products



Eliminate exposure to secondhand tobacco smoke in all indoorworkplaces, public places and public transport



Implement plain/standardized packaging and/ or large graphic health warnings on all tobacco packages



Enact and enforce comprehensive bans on tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship



Implement effective mass media campaigns that educate the public about the harms of smoking/tobacco use and secondhand smoke

Cut-off dates of data collection:

Indicators 1, 3, 4, 7a, 7b, 7c, 8, 9, and 10: September 2021

Indicator 2: 2019

Indicator 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e: December 2021

Indicator 6: October 2019 Indicator 7d: April 2020

For more information:

6

Member State has implemented, as appropriate according to national circumstances, the following three measures to reduce the harmful use of alcohol as per the WHO Global Strategy to Reduce the Harmful Use of Alcohol:



Enact and enforce restrictions on the physical availability of retailed alcohol (via reduced hours of sale)



Enact and enforce bans or comprehensive restrictions on exposure to alcohol advertising (across multiple types of media)



Increase excise taxes on alcoholic beverages



Member State has implemented the following four measures to reduce unhealthy diets:



Adopt national policies to reduce population salt/sodium consumption



Adopt national policies that limit saturated fatty acids and virtually eliminate industrially produced trans fatty acids in the food supply



WHO set of recommendations on marketing of foods and nonalcoholic beverages to children



Legislation/regulations fully implementing the International Code of Marketing of Breast-milk Substitutes



Member State has implemented at least one recent national public awareness and motivational communication for physical activity, including mass media campaigns for physical activity behavioral change

Strengthen health systems to address

NCDs through people-centred primary health care and universal health coverage, building on guidance set out in WHO Global NCD Action Plan



Member State has evidence-based national guidelines/protocols/standards for the management of major NCDs through a primary care approach recognized/approved by government or competent authorities



Member State has provision of drug therapy, including glycaemic control, and counselling for eligible persons at high risk to prevent heart attacks and strokes, with emphasis on the primary care level