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## FORM OF PRESENTATION OF THE PROGRAM AND BUDGET OF THE PAN AMERICAN HEALTH ORGANIZATION

Over the last decade there has been a continuous effort, jointly with governments, to improve the planning process by defining health objectives more clearly and developing programs to meet them. During this period, budgets of the Organization have been presented by program to permit the Governing Bodies to analyze the efforts of the Organization in terms of program objectives. With the introduction of a planning system geared to the Ten-year Health Plan adopted by the III Special Meeting of Ministers of Health, and bearing in mind the program classification adopted by the World Health Organization, the Organization has been reviewing its program and budget presentation in order to have a program matched to measurable objectives.

In 1973, the basic problem of presenting a budget in terms of program objectives most readily understandable to the Governing Bodies in today's environment was presented to the Executive Committee and the Directing Council. The result was an authorization for the Director to study alternative ways of providing proposals for consideration by the Governing Bodies. Following are the considerations which the Director is presenting for review by the Executive Committee.

Much attention has recently been given to developments in the processes used in planning for social and economic changes. These developments have, however, created something of a dilemma as to the most appropriate way for the Director to summarize and present information on health programs for analysis by the Governing Bodies: whether to continue to present them in the terms currently in use, or to present them in the terms now widely used in the fields of economic and social planning.

In the present form of appropriation the program and budget of the Organization is based essentially on the location where activities are to be conducted. That is, the program is summarized by expected costs of the

Governing Bodies, the Headquarters, and the field programs, the latter also being presented separately for each country. This system has served well as a means of focusing attention on the various country and intercountry projects, on the costs of Headquarters, and on the costs of the legislative function.

In addition, the program and budget document also analyzes the proposed expenditures in terms meaningful to the public health specialists reviewing the budget proposals. This classification brings into focus the programs which the Organization is requested to support by the Member Governments. It summarizes the programs in which the Organization is involved, reflecting priorities established by the Governing Bodies.

The Organization recently adopted a system of planning the programs to be carried out with Member Governments, referred to as "quadrennial projections." These projections are in essence a summarization of health problems and plans to cope with them, drawn up by each government. They contain a section on the problem, the solution, and the inputs which might be needed from the Organization in support of the resources which the government is applying to the problem to be solved. These projections then become the basis for annual discussions between the Member Government and PAHO representatives, which result in a program and budget for submission to the Governing Bodies.

With the experience gained in the use of the quadrennial projections, the III Special Meeting of Ministers of Health set up health goals for the next decade following the general guidelines of the discussions that were carried out. Thus, the planning process is now being carried out in terms of the services to be provided and the infrastructure necessary to provide them, whereas the Organization's program and budget is being reviewed in the classification patterns employing the traditional public health program classification and the geographic area where they are to be carried out.

A study has been made to determine the feasibility of using the approach of the Ten-year Health Plan for the Americas to present the program and budget of the Organization to the Governing Bodies. The study has concluded with the hypothesis that the guidelines and recommendations of the III Special Meeting of Ministers of Health may lead to a useful format for the presentation of the program and budget, since the categorization is part of the planning systems of other governmental sectors. Thus, the proposed new form of presentation would abandon the older pattern classifying traditional health activities into categories of Protection of Health, Promotion of Health, and Development of Educational Institutions. It would instead classify activities into direct services to be provided to persons, and into the infrastructure necessary to support those services. These are the terms currently in use in many planning processes.

The World Health Organization has recently adopted a program classification for use in its worldwide planning.

For comparative purposes, there are three annexes to this document which give an immediate insight into the three classifications under consideration.

Annex I presents the current program and budget proposals in terms of the traditional health programs studied by the Governing Bodies. This presents the program and budget in its operative parts as I. Protection of Health, II. Promotion of Health, III. Development of Educational Institutions, as well as some other sections included for administrative reasons. There are further subdivisions giving additional detail by subprogram. The principal advantage of this presentation is that the information is provided in terms readily understandable by health professionals, i.e., by the group usually making up the delegations of the Member Governments to the meetings of the Governing Bodies. This is Table 2 in the Proposed Program and Budget Estimates, Official Document No. 129.

Annex II is the program for the Americas using the classification plan recently adopted by the World Health Organization. This table is copied from page 403 of WHO Official Records 212, Proposed Program and Budget Estimates, 1975.

The principal advantage of using this classification plan recently adopted by the World Health Assembly would be to conform to the classification plan in use in other WHO Regions. However, this classification of ten sections (eight of which are operative program sections) does not permit differentiation of activities which are major parts of the Ten-year Health Plan adopted by the III Special Meeting of Ministers of Health and subsequently by the Directing Council.

Thus, the WHO classification would present some problems in analysis of the program to be carried out in the Americas since major program activities which have been singled out for special attention in the Americas are lumped in one category in the WHO classification. In this process, hospital and medical care administration, methodology of planning, administrative practices and procedures, promotion of nursing, and other major efforts in this Region, are combined in the WHO program "Strengthening of Health Services." Also, in the Americas, the approach to cooperation with Member Governments has been postured so that the Organization's principal representative in each country has the primary function of consulting and coordinating in the expansion and development of the health sector and other public sectors such as agriculture and education in the provision of health services in the countries.

Under the WHO plan, these personnel are assigned to a special program, "Assistance to Country Programmes," i.e., Zone and country representatives are programmed and budgeted for separately from the plan of work for each country.

There are other conceptual differences of lesser significance. However, the table from the WHO document before the Committee has been prepared on the basis of a computer program which provides a crosswalk between the classification used by PAHO and that used by WHO as a whole. Thus, whatever format is in use by PAHO, the computer is a practical mechanism for providing budgetary information to WHO/Geneva in the format most useful to them. Therefore, there seems to be no compelling reason for PAHO to conform to the WHO classification.

Annex III presents the program and budget for PAHO in the classification recommended by the III Special Meeting of Ministers of Health for planning purposes. Its adoption would give expression to the programs and priorities as adopted at that Meeting. It is also the classification followed in the Program of Work for 1973-77 adopted by the Pan American Health Organization. It will be noted that the principal categories accumulate the program expense into those activities related to the provision of services to persons, and those activities related to development of the health infrastructure, as well as a few administrative chapters common to all three of the classification plans under study.

The principal advantage of the plan in Annex III is that it will provide a continuum through the planning process to the presentation of the program and budget estimates. This is a major concern in any administrative process and has much merit. In addition, this plan would present a health program in the terms used by other public health sectors in developing plans for social and economic development. There will be some administrative difficulties in planning projects which must eventually be translated into accounting and reporting terms, but these are not great enough to prevent effective use of the classification if it is the most meaningful to the Governing Bodies.

Under all three plans, analysis by country project, source of funds, and type of expenditures would continue. In addition to the program categories, the classification under all three of the outlines would provide a breakdown by advisory services, training, and research, that is, by the kinds of activities identified in the Basic Documents of the Organization. A change to appropriation by major program category would be indicated to carry the planning process to its logical conclusion. This would not have major significance other than to make minor changes in various control procedures.

As mentioned in the beginning, the purpose of the format of the budget is to facilitate its understanding and analysis by the Governing Bodies. Consequently, the most important criterion in choosing among the alternatives presented above is the reaction of the representatives of Governments. The Executive Committee is requested to make its recommendations as to the most suitable format to the Pan American Sanitary Conference.

Annexes

TABLE 2
PROGRAM BUDGET - TOTAL

1973		197	1 4			197	' 5	1976		
ANUUNT	PERCENT	AMOUNT	PERCENT			THUUMA	PERCENT	AMDUNT	PERCENT	
						5		*		
\$ 11,645,546	29.3	\$ 15,359,106	29.5	. PROTECTIO	N OF HEALTH	14,188,971	25.7	13,842,611	25.3	
7,760,806	19.5	8,621,532	16.5	A. CCMML	NICABLE DISEASES	8,570,272	15.5	9.075.808	16.6	
820,612	2.1	1,045,556	2.0	0100		1,026,836	1.9	1,135,299	2.1	
2,259,884	5.7	2,050,769	3.4	0200	MALARIA	2,078,630 131,968	3.8	2.145.770 134.314	3.9 .2	
191.261	• 5	181,420	.4	0300 0400	SMALLPUX TUBERCULGS1S	228,82G	•2 •4	314,600	.6	
216,070	•5	283.050 174.020	.6	0500	LEPRUSY	120,500	. 2	141,150	.3	
123,101	.3	18,000	.3	0600	VENEREAL DISEASES	4,400	*	31,200	.1	
1.101 2,021,655	5.1	2.724,336	5.2	0700	Z CONGSES	2,690,041	4.9	2,692,689	4.9	
2,036,697	5.1	1,996,248	3.8	0800	ZGONGSES FGOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE	2,127,877	3.8	2.256.786	4.1	
52,219	.1	58,500	. 1	0900	CTHEK	66,100	- 1	115,100	.2	
38,206	•1	89,633	. 2	1000	PARASITIC DISEASES	89.100	• 2	108,900	. 2	
3,884,740	9.8	6,737,574	13.0	8. ENVIR	UNMENTAL HEALTH	5,618,699	10.2	4,766,803	8.7	
1,923,752	4.8	3,522,455	6.8	2100	GENERAL	3,327,227	6.C	2,869,700	5.2	
1,354,353	3.4	2.676.051	5.1	2200	WATER SUPPLIES	1,751,497	3.2	1,364,923	2.5	
549,439	1.4	445.118	.9	2300	ALUES AEGYPTI ERADICATION	431,525	- 8	414,740	. 8	
36+958	-1	45,300	. 1	2400	HCO21NO	57.200	• į	60,100	•1	
20,238	•1	48,65C	•1	2500	AIR PULLUTION	51,250	-1	57,340	.1	
18,005,947	44.9	25,361,631		. PRJMUTION	-	27,403,379	49.5	26,612,744	48.6	
8,524,536	21.3	10,348,149	19.8		AL SERVICES	9,831,474	17.8	5,449,452	17.3	
4,427,344	11.1	4.138.270	7.9		GENERAL PUBLIC HEALTH	4,149,674	7.5	4,260,122	7.8	
679.718	1.7	1.006,794	1.9	3200	NURS ING	9821299	1 • B	1,061,953 868,224	1.9	
778,551	1.9	1.767.382	3.4	3300 3400	LABORATURY HEALTH EDUCATION	982.299 1,250.125 193,540	2.3 .3	211,300	1.6 .4	
155,379	2.4	208,429	.4 2.3	3500	STATISTICS	1,436,471	2.6	1,456,403	2.7	
972,469 555,863	2.4 1.4	1,202,249 834,28[	1.6	3600	ADMINISTRATIVE METHODS	770.125	1.4	702.053	1.3	
955,212	2.4	1,190,744	2.3	3700	HEALTH PLANNING	1,049,240	1.9	889,400	1.6	
9,481,411	23.6	15,013,482	28.7			17,571,905	31.7	17,163,292	31.3	
4,133,014	10.3	4,403,302	8.4	4200	NUTRITION	4,484,950	8.1	4,396,002	8.0	
338,633	.8	520,046	1.0	4300	MENTAL HEALTH	435,520 370,600	• 8	437,17C 435,220		
189,512	.5	262,495 136,030	• 5	4400 4500	DENTAL HEALTH RADIATION AND ISUTOPES	147,400	• 7 • 3	134,540	. 8 . 2	
122,765 98,546	.3 .2	175,198	.3	4600	CCCUPATIONAL HEALTH	217.050	.4	172,450	.3	
173,856	.4	409,973	. 8	4700	FLOD AND DRUG	217:050 966:130	1.7	749.000	1.4	
1.320.644	ق <b>.</b> د	2,338,202	4.5	4800	MEDICAL LARE	1,743,315	3.1	1,379,040	2.5	
2,881,816	7.2	6.344.669	12.L	4900	FAMILY HEALTH AND PUP. DYNAMICS		15.9	9,059,590	16.6	
161,374	.4	251,880	.5	5000	KEHABILITATION	181.430	• 3	170,980	. 3	
61,251	•2	171,687	.3	5100	CANCER & CTHER CHRUNIC DISEASES	198+080	.4	229,300	.4	
3,554,278	8.8	4,264,672			NT OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	5,418,090	9.7	5,192,451	9.6	
433,678	1.1	455,456	• 9	6100	PUBLIC HEALTH	1.866.700	3.4	1.480,400		
1,967,361	4.9	2,211,847	4.2	6200	MEDICINE	1,907,655		1,964,150		
340,379	-8	473,159	• 9	6300	NURSING	513+132	.9	679,174		
359,428	.9	588,686 128,620	1.1	6400 6500	ERVIRCHMENTAL SCIENCES VETERINARY MEDICINE	456,463 138,100	.8 .2	411,254 157,450	. 8	
172,388	.4	181,324	. 2	6600	DENTISTRY	191.520	.3	198+340	.3	
155,068 125,976	-3	225,580	.4	6700	BIGSTATISTICS	264,520	•5	301,683		
1,623,925	4.1	1,973,750	3.8 IV	. PRUGHAM S	ERVICES	2,206,860	4.0	2.327.550	4.2	
1,623,925	4.1	1,973,750	3.8	7100	PREGRAM SERVICES	2,206,860	4.0	2,327,550	4.2	
4,268,119	10.7	4,335,342	8.3	. ADMINISTR	ATIVE DIRECTION	5,040,664	9.0	5,463,389	10.0	
276,353	.7	310,452	.6	8100	EXECUTIVE AND TECHNICAL DIRECTION	351.514	• 6	366,276	.7	
1,944,049	4.9	2,355,800	4.5		ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES	2,683,450	4.8	2.875.050		
2,047,717	5.1	1.669.090	3.2		GENERAL EXPENSES	2,005,700	3.6	2.222.063		
470,078	1.2	496.340	1.0 VI	. GUVERNING	ecotes	605,560	1.1	663,400	1.2	
400,000	1.0	450,000	.9 VII	. INLKEASE	TG ASSETS	55C.OCO	1.0	6CC.000	1.1	
					. ***					
39,967,893	100.0	52,240,841	100.0		TCTAL	55,413,524	100.0	54,7C2,145	100.0	

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,		1973			1974			1975		
	Programme/Subprogramme	Regular budget	Other sources	Total	Regular budget	Other sources	Total	Regular budget	Other sources	Total
		USS	US\$	US\$	US \$	US\$	US\$	US \$	US \$	US\$
2.1	Executive management									•
	2.1.3 Office of the Regional Director	50 411	62 263	112 674	49 772	68 GO2	118 374	52 444	75 902	128 346
2.2	Programme coordination							ĺ		
	2.2 2 Programme coordination with other									
			47 247	47 247		49 716	49 716		52 092	52 092
3.1	Strengthening of health services									
	3.1.1 Programme planning and general							ļ		
	activities · · · ·	83 493	239 800	323 293	87 714	263 183	350 897	86 432	279 748	366 180
	3.1.2 Strengthening of health services	2 144 071	6 018 040	8 162 111	2 357 011-	5 009 746	7 366 757	2 523 160	4 738 542	7 261 702
	3.1.3 Wealth laboratory services	126 450	1 213 489	1 339 939	146 367	694 664	841 031	163 535	645 710	809 245
3.2	Family health									
	3.2.1 Programmo planning and general									
	activities	ļ	50 856	50 356		53 253	53 253		56 098	56 098
	3.2.2 Vaternal and child health	236 721	3 273 487	3 510 209	235 910	798 073	1 033 983	264 709	464 223	728 932
	3.2.4 Nutrition	416 494	3 593 093	4 009 587	423 437	3 445 457	3 868 894	520 929	3 582 920	4 103 849
	3.2.5 Health education	112 363	98 345	210 708	103 829	47 813	151 642	105 091	55 254	160 345
. 1	Health numpover development	998 209	2 827 391	3 825 600	1 184 372	2 430 999	3 615 371	1 329 700	2 280 236	3 609 936
5.1	Communicable disease presention and control									
	5.1.1 Programme planning and general									
	activities	45 981	65 606	111 587	46 978	72 140	119 118	49 030	78 243	127 273
	5.1.2 Enidemiological surveillance of communicable	l			}					20. 2.0
	diseases	239 546	444 988	684 534	229 172	417 455	646 627	273 175	475 157	748 332
	5.1.3 Malaria and other parasitic diseases 5.1.4 Smallos eradication	881 511	1 400 067	2 281 578	915 207	1 318 781	2 263 988	935 992	1 255 744	2 191 736
	E 3 C Washington at 1	172 493		172 493	139 131		139 131	130 288		130 288
	5.1.7 Virus diseases	163 401 32 423	186 982	350 383	167 836	176 139	313 975	187 327	167 845	355 672
	5.1.8 Vonereal diseases and treponematoses	32 423	9 711 8 000	42 134 8 000	33 583	0.000	33 583	36 150		36 150
	5.1. Veterinary public health	479 706	3 912 502	4 392 208	503 406	8 000 3 715 293	8 000 4 218 699	F7F 000	8 000	8 000
	5.1 10 Vector biology and control	176 800	301 635	481 435	191 200	221 938	413 138	575 039 136 700	3 839 168 262 416	4 414 207 399 116
										202 240
	Noncommunicable discase provintion and control 5.2 2 Cancer	22.122								
	5.2.3 Cardiovasor ar diseases .	31 180	18 306	49 486	31 450	36 071	67 521	70 870	52 552	123 422
	5.2. Other chronic noncommunicable diseases		44 659	44 659	8 650	30, 660	8 650	11 650		11 650
	5.2.3 Dental health	32 800	172 513	205 313	18 200	62 660 182 169	62 660 <b>2</b> 00 369		65 5P4	65 584
	5.2.6 Montal health .	91 220	175 371	266 591	99 068	183 O36	282 104	9 800 103 732	220 644 182 322	230 414 286 054
	3.2.7 Prevention and control of alcoholism and drug	1 220	110 511	209 071	33 000	163 030	202 104	103 732	102 322	286 U34
	dependence and abuse		253 717	253 747		125 000	125 000		122 300	122 300
. `	Promotion of an ironmental health									
	6 1.1 Programo planning and general									
	ortivities .	84 43	52 200	137 149	96 768	54 642	151 410	99 412	5 <b>7</b> 378	156 790
	( l. Covision of basis s ritary measures .	366 867	2 393 116	2 759 982	408 950	1 669 634	2 078 584	423 117	1 154 760	1 577 877
				=	1	2 2 3 35 1		123 111	1 109 100	

		1973			1974			1975	
Programme/Subprogramme	Regular budget	Other sources	Total	Regular budget	Other sources	Total	Regular budget	Other sources	Total
	US \$	US \$	US \$	USS	US\$	US\$	US \$	US\$	US \$
6.1 Promotion of environmental health (continued)									
6.1.4 Control of environmental pollution and					50.000	61 333	1 100	94 993	96 393
hazards · · ·	1 400 500	117 814 162 219	119 214 162 749	1 400 2 000	59 933 102 306	104 306	5 200	30 500	35 700
6.1.5 Health of working populations . 6.1.6 Blomedical and environmental health aspects of	500	162 219	162 749	2 000	102 300	104 300	0 200	00 000	00 700
1001/21ng radiation	37 224	86 429	123 653	34 136	105 598	139 734	64 091	104 644	168 735
6.1.7 Establishment and strengthening of environmental									222 242
health services and institutions	189 134	1 193 516	1 382 950	207 194	920 845	1 128 039	252 413	571 233	826 646
6.1.8 Food standards programme	56 252	113 012	169 264	81 823	145 576	227 399	72 737	212 834	285 571
7.1 Health statistics									
7.1.1 Programme planning and general									
activities · · · · · ·	13 063	113 961	126 924	14 000	111 571	125 571	15 035	125 841	140 879
7.1.2 Health statistical methodology · · ·	25 788	84 884	110 672	33 533	80 409	113 942	32 854	107 216	140 670
7.1.3 Dissemination of statistical information	47 261	184 551	231 812	56 051	200 478	256 529	69 329	216 021	285 350
7.1.4 Development of health statistical		0.47 0.00		004 400	611 094	895 522	315 319	632 089	947 408
services · · · ·	252 925	845 962	1 098 887 55 044	284 428 47 457	27 587	75 014	49 747	28 670	78 417
7.1.5 International classification of diseases	28 597	26 147	55 044	47 437	21 361	75 014	47 741	20 0.0	
7.2 Health literature services	24 524	666 703	691 227	25 478	72, 063	746 511	27 001	768 213	795 214
7.3 WHO publications	188 094	106 917	295 011	194 230	122 819	317 049	202 880	132 865	335 745
7.4 Health information of public	82 196	197 413	279 609	90 632	208 828	299 160	92 247	224 033	316 280
9.1 Regional programme planning and general									
activities 9.1.2 The Americas	34 <b>7</b> 08	619 269	653 977	36 578	679 731	716 309	39 628	795 333	834 981
9.2 Assistance to country programmes 9.2.2 The Americas		1 048 323	1 048 323		1 129 625	1 129 625		1 470 836	1 470 836
5.2.2 THE MINELICAS									
9.3 Regional general support services						0 244 004	605 470	1 954 865	2 560 335
9.3.2 The Americas	541 196	1 600 509	2 141 765	575 037	1 769 457	2 344 994	003 470	1 204 603	2 00.7 000
  9.4 Regional common services									1 EOE 140
9.4.2 The Americas · · · ·	486 555	816 639	1 333 194	522 0€0	903 661	1 425 121	558 485	966 655	1 525 140
Total	8 976 800	34 880 978	43 857 778	9 714 048	29 004 945	38 718 993	10 492 618	28 612 702	39 105 320

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TABLE 2
PROGRAM BUDGET - TOTAL

1 9 7 3		1 9	7 4		1 9	7 5	1 9	7 6
AMOUNT	PERCENT	AMOUNT	PERCENT		AMOUNT	PERCENT	AMOUNT	PERCENT
\$		\$			\$		\$	
21,016,061	52.6	29,630,333	56.7	I. PROGRAM OF SERVICES	31,396,033	56.7	31,167,600	57.0
11,694,527	29.3	15,959,757	30.6	1. SERVICES TO INDIVIDUALS	18,389,284	33.2	18,926,115	34.6
4,090,301	10.2	4,257,558	8.2	COMMUNICABLE DISEASES	4,072,704	7.4	4,374,233	8.0
635,807	1.6	913,646	1,8	PROGRAM PLANNING & GENERAL ACTIVITIES	904,661	1.6	951,059	1.7
2,259,884	5.7	2,050,769	4.0	MALARIA	2,078,630	3.7	2,145,770	3.9
549,439	1.4	445,118	.9	AEDES AEGYPTI ERADICATION	431,525	.7	414,740	.8
191,261	•5	181,420	-4	SMALLPOX	131,968	.2	134,314	.2
216,070	.5	283,050	.5	TUBERCULOSIS	228,820	-4	314,600	.6
123,101	•4 *	174,020	•3 *	LEPROSY	120,500	.2	141,150	.3
1,101	*	18,000		VENEREAL DISEASES	4,400	*_	31,200	.1
38,206		89,633	•1	PARASITIC DISEASES	89,100	.1	108,900	.2
75,432	.1	101,902	•2	OTHER COMMUNICABLE DISEASES	83,100	.1	132,500	.2
2,881,816	7.2	6,344,669	12.2	MATER. & CHILD HEALTH & FAM. WELFARE	8,827,430	15.9	9,059,590	16.5
4,133,014	10.4	4,403,302	8.4	NUTRITION	4,484,950	8.1	4,396,002	8.0
338,633	.8	520,046	1.0	MENTAL HEALTH	435,520	.8	437,170	.8
189,512	•5	262,495	.5	DENTAL HEALTH	370,600	.7	435,220	.8
61,251	•2	171,687	.3	CANCER AND OTHER CHRONIC DISEASES	198,080	.3	223,900	.4
7,681,452	19.2	11,594,370	22.2	2. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES	11,166,851	20.2	10,238,628	18.7
1,678,416	4.2	1,967,227	3.8	PROGRAM PLANNING & GENERAL ACTIVITIES	2,015,974	3.7	2,069,723	3.8
1,240,373	3.1	2,545,151	4.9	WATER SUPPLY AND EXCRETA DISPOSAL	1,611,997	2.9	1,218,223	2.2
7,750	*	7,250	*	SOLID WASTES		*		*
417,547	1.1	1,754,958	3.4	ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION	1 5/5 402		1 027 057	
274,544	.7		3.0		1,545,603	2.8	1,027,057	1.9
20,238	*	1,570,278	3.U *	PROGRAM PLANNING & GENERAL ACTIVITIES	1,346,953	2.4	835,177	1.5
122,765	.3	48,650 136,030		AIR POLLUTION	51,250	*	57,340	.1
122,703		•	.3	RADIATION AND ISOTOPES	147,400	•2	134,540	.2
-	*	35,000	*	REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT	28,100	*	13,500	*
113,046	.3	151,806	.3	OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH	209,450	.4	163,750	.3
4,006,240	10.0	4,645,420	8.9	ANIMAL HEALTH & VETERINARY PUB. HEALTH	4,750,397	8.6	4,949,475	9.1
1,984,585	5.0	1,921,084	3.7	FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE	2,054,356	3.7	2,256,786	4.1
2,021,655	5.0	2,724,336	5.2	OTHER ZOONOSES	2,696,041	4.8	2,692,689	5.0
173,856	.4	409,973	.7	QUALITY CONTROL OF FOODSTUFFS & DRUGS	966,130	1.8	749,000	1.4
-	*	23,392	*	CONTROL OF USE OF PESTICIDES	7,600	*	8,700	*
44,224	.1	54,193	.1	PREVENTION OF ACCIDENTS	31,600	*	39,200	*
1,640,082	4.9	2,076,206	3.9	3. SUPPORTING SERVICES	1,839,898	3.3	2,002,857	3.7
679,718	1.7	1,006,794	1.9	NURSING	982,299	1.8	1,061,950	3.0
458,806	1.2	477,193	.9	LABORATORY	360,454	.7	374,387	.7
184,805	•5	131,910	.3	EPIDEMIOLOGICAL SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS	122,175	.2	184,240	.3
155,379	.3	208,429	.3	HEALTH EDUCATION	193,540	.4	211,300	.4
161,374	-4	251,880	.5	REHABILITATION			•	
,	•	,000	•	WHEN THE I WI TOM	181,430	•3	170,980	.3

<sup>\*</sup> LESS THAN .05 PERCENT

TABLE 2 (cont.)

PROGRAM BUDGET - TOTAL

1 9 7 4 1 9 7 3 1 9 7 5 1 9 7 6 AMOUNT PERCENT AMOUNT PERCENT AMOUNT PERCENT AMOUNT PERCENT \$ \$ \$ \$ 12,189,710 30.5 15,355,076 29.4 II. DEVELOPMENT OF THE INFRASTRUCTURE 15,614,407 28.1 14,480,206 26.5 7,714,710 19.3 8,817,709 16.9 1. HEALTH SYSTEMS 15.2 8,737,125 15.8 8,290,218 5,230,166 13.1 5.590.435 10.7 EXTENSION OF COVERAGE OF THE SERVICES 5,481,289 9.9 5,242,362 9.6 4,140,054 10.4 3,749,697 7.2 GENERAL PUBLIC HEALTH 3,826,274 3,888,222 6.9 7.1 1,090,112 2.7 1,840,738 3.5 MEDICAL CARE 1,655,015 2.9 1,354,140 2.4 955,212 2.4 1,135,744 2.2 PLANNING 991,640 1.8 836,400 1.5 22,368 \* 221,232 .4 INFORMATION SYSTEMS 138,200 . 2 101.809 . 2 951,101 2.4 1,036,017 2.0 STATISTICS 1,355,871 2.5 1,407,594 2.6 555,863 1.4 834,281 1.6 OPERATIONAL CAPACITY 770,125 1.4 702,053 1.3 2,840,976 7.1 3,224,892 6.2 2. DEVELOPMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES 4,639,784 8.4 4,465,118 8.2 433,678 1.1 455,456 .9 PUBLIC HEALTH 1,866,700 3.4 1,480,400 2.7 1,195,941 3.0 1,074,448 2.1 MEDICINE 1,070,759 1.9 1,088,417 2.0 261,531 414.878 . 7 . 8 NURSING 499,732 .9 665,374 1.2 359,428 .9 588,686 1 1 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES 456,463 .8 411,254 . 8 172,388 • 4 128,620 . 3 VETERINARY MEDICINE 138,100 . 3 157,450 . 3 155,068 181,324 .4 DENTISTRY 191,520 .4 198,340 .4 125,976 .3 225.580 .4 BIOSTATISTICS 264,520 .5 301,683 .5 136.966 .3 155,900 . 2 OTHER 151,990 . 2 162,200 . 3 564,893 1.4 1,813,915 3.5 PHYSICAL RESOURCES 1,028,792 1.8 495,437 .9 384,861 .9 1,316,451 2.5 PRODUCTION OF BIOLOGICALS 940,492 1.6 470,537 .9 216,032 497,464 .5 1.0 MAINTENANCE OF HEALTH CARE FACILITIES 88,300 . 2 24,900 513,916 -4 211,200 . 4 FINANCIAL RESOURCES 235,800 - 4 279,800 • 5 716,637 1.8 1,052,780 2.0 TECHNOLOGICAL RESOURCES 789,206 1.4 738,633 1.4 202,616 .5 185,881 .4 TEXTBOOKS & OTHER TEACHING MATERIALS 155,100 .3 163,400 .3 510,236 1.3 726.649 1.4 REGIONAL LIBRARIES 534,456 1.0 530,383 1.0 3,785 140,250 . 2 OTHER TECHNOLOGICAL RESOURCES 99,650 .1 44,850 2,859 \* 15,000 \* 6. LEGAL ASPECTS 6,400 195,719 .5 219,580 .4 7. RESEARCH 177,300 .3 211,000 .3 1,623,925 4.0 1,973,750 3.8 III. SERVICES TO PROGRAMS 2,206,860 2,327,550 4.0 4.3 4,268,119 10.7 4,335,342 8.3 IV. ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTION 5,040,664 9.1 5,463,389 10.0 276,353 310,452 EXECUTIVE AND TECHNICAL DIRECTION 351,514 366,276 .6 4.9 1,944,049 2.355.800 4.5 ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES 2,683,450 2,875,050 2,222,063 4.9 5.3 2,047,717 5.1 3.2 1,669,090 GENERAL EXPENSES 2,005,700 3.6 4.1 470,078 1.2 496,340 .9 V. GOVERNING BODIES 605,560 1.1 663,400 1.2 400,000 450,000 1.0 .9 VI. INCREASE TO ASSETS 550,000 1.0 600,000 1.0 39,967,893 100.0 52.240.841 100.0 GRAND TOTAL 55,413,524 100.0 54,702,145 100.0

<sup>\*</sup> LESS THAN .05 PERCENT