

PREFACE

With this, the sixth edition of the biennial statistical brochure *Gender, Health, and Development in the Americas: Basic Indicators* we celebrate the first decade of this publication, which was conceived within the framework of international calls to improve the collection, analysis, dissemination, and use of information on gender and health. This edition, while similar in scope and structure to those of previous years, includes a greater number of indicators and topics, thus providing a greater body of evidence of health related differences between men and women. Furthermore, age-adjusted mortality rates have been included to facilitate comparisons among countries, as well as information that brings to light certain underlying causes of unequal, and often restricted, access of women to health care.

These underlying causes include many social determinants of health, including education, political participation, and access to economic resources, among others. These factors are associated with gender inequalities, and act in synergy with other forms of inequality in the Region. Indicators presented here reveal remarkable advances in women's access to education, especially at the tertiary level. Similar advances, however, have not occurred in areas such as political participation, access to labor markets, and income. These underlying determinants affect both access to health care, and health outcomes. In particular, there are gaps regarding women's access to reproductive health resources. As for health outcomes, data show higher obesity among women, while, on the other hand, mortality data reveal an overrepresentation of men, especially due to road transport accidents, homicide, and suicide.

Data provide a clear picture of inequality in access to health care and health outcomes, as well as evidence to inform policy making in the health sector and beyond. Remaining information gaps regarding gender and health are a call to strengthen the necessary processes to enable all countries and territories in the Region of the Americas to systematically generate and collect disaggregated health data, not only by sex and age, but also by ethnicity and race, on migrant populations, area of residence, and other relevant variables. Such data will facilitate a more comprehensive analysis of the diverse life contexts and realities of women and men in our Region. It will also help us to identify the causes of avoidable inequalities, and to provide a timelier, more effective and sex specific response to the needs of the population.

My hope is that the contents of this brochure will serve to promote sustained dialogue at all levels of government and civil society, and to strengthen efforts to generate the knowledge for evidence based decision-making, and to ensure health improvements for all the peoples of the Americas through access to universal health.

Carissa F. Etienne Director

				Demogra	ıphy		
	Popula	ation	Populatio	n 75 years & up		M/	A1
	Total (thousands)	Femininity index (women per 100 men) 2013	% of total 2013	Femininity index (women per 100 men) 2013	Urban population (%) 2013	Women aged 15 - 49 years (thousands) 2013	Annual population growth rate (%) 2013
Anguilla	16	108	3.2	116	100.0	4	2.1
Antigua and Barbuda	90	111	2.7	143	29.9	26	1.3
Argentina	41,446	104	4.8	185	92.8	10,467	0.9
Aruba	109	110	3.5	125	47.1	25	1.4
Bahamas	377	104	2.6	220	84.6	105	1.4
Barbados	289	107	4.3	187	45.4	74	0.3
Belize	332	100	1.4	130	44.4	90	2.4
Bermuda	69	107	7.0	167	100.0	15	0.5
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	10,671	100	1.6	141	67.6	2,712	1.6
Brazil	200,362	103	3.0	144	85.1	54,920	0.8
Canada	35,182	102	6.8	144	80.9	8,243	1.0
Cayman Islands	54	105	4.0	127	100.0	13	2.2
Chile	17,620	102	4.1	158	89.6	4,594	0.9
Colombia	48,321	103	2.3	145	75.8	13,038	1.3
Costa Rica	4,872	97	2.9	124	65.6	1,318	1.4
Cuba	11,266	99	5.8	128	75.1	2,863	-0.1
Curaçao	147	109	5.3	163		40	0.6
Dominica	73	98	4.8	158	67.4	19	0.2
Dominican Republic	10,404	100	2.7	114	70.8	2,715	1.2
Ecuador	15,738	100	2.7	122	68.5	4,115	1.6
El Salvador	6,340	111	3.1	141	65.7	1,796	0.7
French Guiana	249	100 98	1.2	200	76.8	64	2.5
Grenada Guadeloupe	110 466	98 112	3.6 6.2	136 148	39.8 98.4	27 115	0.5 0.5
Guatemala	15,468	105	1.8	121	50.7	3,875	2.5
Guyana	800	97	0.9	429	28.6	203	0.5
Haiti	10,317	102	1.5	133	56.0	2,720	1.4
Honduras	8,098	100	1.9	126	53.3	2,126	2.0
Jamaica	2,784	103	3.5	142	52.2	738	0.5
Martinique	404	117	7.7	156	89.0	98	0.3
Mexico	122,332	106	2.5	139	78.7	34,007	1.2
Montserrat	5	93 ^v	9.0 ^v	112 ^v	14.5	1	0.5
Nicaragua	6,080	102	2.0	127	58.2	1,657	1.5
Panama	3,864	98	2.9	118	76.4	995	1.6
Paraguay	6,802	98	2.1	125	63.0	1,753	1.7
Peru	30,376	100	2.5	133	77.9	8,082	1.3
Puerto Rico	3,688	108	6.1	154	99.1	935	-0.1
Saint Kitts and Nevis	51	100	3.5	146	32.2	14	0.8
Saint Lucia	163	105	3.4	138	16.3	50	0.4
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	103	98	2.4	160	50.1	29	-0.3
Sint Maarten (Dutch)	40	103	1.4	137	90.0 ^r	10	1.5
Suriname	539	100	2.5	136	70.5	141	0.9
Trinidad and Tobago	1,341	102	3.1	159	14.2	355	0.3
Turks and Caicos Islands	48	98	1.7	139	94.5	15	2.9
United States of America	320,051	103	6.1	149	82.9	74,735	0.8
Uruguay	3,407	107	6.7	191	92.7	821	0.3
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	30,405	99	2.2	129	93.9	8,014	1.5
Virgin Islands (UK)	32	108	2.5	122	41.1	10	2.4
Virgin Islands (USA)	105	114	6.3	144	95.7	24	-0.5
Source:	A	B,C	B,C	B,C	A	В, С	A

Notes -- Data not available or not applicable.

		Demo	graphy		Wealth and Income Inequalities					
	at birth	pectancy 1 (years) 113	at age 6 2010	Dectancy 00 (years) 0-2015	Gross national income (US\$) per capita, ppp value	Income ratio: highest 20% to lowest 20%	living US\$1.25 a day ^a	cion (%) below National poverty line		
	Female	Male	Female	Male	2012	2009-2010, lay	2002-11, lay	2009-11, lay		
Anguilla	83.7	78.5	24	21						
Antigua and Barbuda	78.1	73.9			19,260					
Argentina	79.9	72.6	24	19		11.3	0.9	5.7 ^u		
Aruba	79.3	73.1	22	18						
Bahamas	78.2	72.1	23	18	29,740					
Barbados	77.1	72.5	23	19	18,400					
Belize	77.1	70.9	23	21	6,880					
Bermuda	84.2	77.7	24	20						
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	69.5	65.1	19	17	4,960		15.6	42.4		
Brazil	77.6	70.4	23	20	11,720	20.6	6.1	20.9		
Canada	83.6	79.3	26	22	42,690					
Cayman Islands	83.6	78.2								
Chile	82.7	77.1	25	21	21,590	13.5		11.0		
Colombia	77.7	70.4	22	20	10,110	20.1	8.2	34.2		
Costa Rica	82.2	77.8	25	22	12,590	14.5		18.8		
Cuba	81.3	77.3	24	22						
Curação	80.2	75.6								
Dominica	79.5	73.4			12,190					
Dominican Republic	76.7	70.4	24	21	9,820	11.3	2.2	42.2		
Ecuador	79.4	73.7				12.5		35.4		
			24	21	9,590		4.6			
El Salvador	77.1	67.8	23	21	6,790	14.3		46.6		
French Guiana	80.9	73.9	24	18						
Grenada	76.4	71.0	22	19	10,300					
Guadeloupe	84.1	77.5	26	22						
Guatemala	75.6	68.5	22	20	4,960		13.5	54.8		
Guyana	68.9	63.6	21	17	3,400					
Haiti	65.0	61.2	17	16	1,240					
Honduras	76.2	71.5	23	20	3,890	29.7	17.9	67.4		
Jamaica	76.1	71.0	22	20						
Martinique	84.5	78.0	26	22						
Mexico	79.8	75.1	23	21	16,630	10.7	1.2	36.3		
Montserrat	71.9	75.3								
Nicaragua	77.9	71.8	23	20	3,960		11.9	58.3		
Panama	80.5	74.8	23	21	17,830	17.1		25.3		
Paraguay	74.6	70.1	22	20	5,610	17.3	7.2	49.6		
Peru	77.6	72.2	23	20	10,240	13.5	4.9	27.8		
Puerto Rico	82.5	75.1	26	21						
Saint Kitts and Nevis	77.5	72.7	18	17	17,280					
Saint Lucia	80.1	74.5	23	18	11,020					
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	76.6	72.7	20	17	10,810					
Sint Maarten (Dutch)	80.0	75.3								
Suriname	74.3	67.9	20	17	8,500					
Trinidad and Tobago	73.6	66.4	21	16	22,400					
Turks and Caicos Islands	82.3	76.7	20	24						
United States of America	81.3	76.5	25	22	50,610					
Uruguay	80.6	73.7	24	19	15,570	10.3	0.2	6.5		
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	77.7	71.7	22	20	13,120			29.5 ⁿ		
Virgin Islands (UK)	79.5	76.9								
Virgin Islands (USA)	82.8	76.6	26	20						
Source:	A	A	D	D	A	A	E	F		

--Data not available or not applicable. Italics are used when the data year is prior to the period shown. lay: Latest available year. u Urban area only. n National level data.

a International poverty line.

	We	alth\Inco	me Inequ	alities	En	vironme	ealth	Health Expenditure		
	Total	headed I by pover	households by women (9 rty level 201 Poor, not		Improve	llation (%) d sources ng water 1	lmp san	ccess to proved itation cies 2011	Nationa expen (% of 2011-2	diture
		J	Indigent	·	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Public	Private
Anguilla					95		98			2.3
Antigua and Barbuda					98	98	91	91	3.2c	1.6
Argentina	35 ^b	46 ^b	45 ^b	35 ^b	100	95	96	98		3.2
Aruba					98	98	98	98		1.9
Bahamas					96	96			3.0c	3.3
Barbados					100	100			4.4 ^d	2.1
Belize					97	100	93	87		
Bermuda										
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	27	32	25	26	96	72	57	24	3.5 ^d	1.5
Brazil	36	46	37	36	100	84	87	48		3.7
Canada					100	99	100	99	8.0 ^d	3.3
Cayman Islands	35	 51			96		96			
Chile Colombia	35		45 36	33 33	100	90	100	89		3.4
Costa Rica	38	46 48	38	38	100 100	72 91	82 95	65 92		1.5
Cuba		4 0			96	86	95	92 87		3.1
Curação					7 0		74			
Dominica					96				3.6c	2.4
Dominican Republic	35	52	42	28	82	81	86	74	3.3 ^{d, e}	4.4
Ecuador	30	32	32	29	96	82	96	86		3.7
El Salvador	38	41	39	36	94	81	79	53	4.3d	5.0
French Guiana					95	75	95	76		
Grenada									3.1c	1.8
Guadeloupe					99	100	97	90		
Guatemala	26	24	25	26	99	89	88	72	2.4 ^d	3.6
Guyana					98	93	88	82		2.4
, Haiti					77	48	34	17		3.3
Honduras	38	39	41	35	96	81	86	74		2.8
Jamaica					97	89	78	82	2.5 ^d	2.8
Martinique					100	100	94	73		
Mexico	27	26	24	28	96	89	87	77	2.8d	
Montserrat					99	99				1.0
Nicaragua	42	44	42	41	98	68	63	37	5.3c	4.7
Panama	34	58	43	32	97	86	77	54		1.9
Paraguay	31	36	36	28	99	66	90	40	4.9c	3.2
Peru	27	28	27	27	91	66	81	38	2.9 ^d	2.1
Puerto Rico							99	99		
Saint Kitts and Nevis					98	98			1. 7 c	2.0
Saint Lucia					98	93	70	64		1.6
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines					95	95				
Sint Maarten (Dutch)										
Suriname					97	81	90	66		0.9
Trinidad and Tobago					98	93	92	92		
Turks and Caicos Islands										
United States of America					100	94	100	99		5.1
Uruguay	39	47	42	39	100	98	99	98	5.4 c, e	5.2
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	35 ⁿ	47 ⁿ	37 ⁿ	34 ⁿ						2.4
Virgin Islands (UK)							98	98		
Virgin Islands (USA)					100	100	96	96		
Source:	G	G	G	G					A	A

--Data not available or not applicable. Italics are used when the data year is prior to the period shown.

lay: Latest available year. b 31 urban agglomerations. n National level data. c Institutional expenditure. d Functional expenditure. e Includes social works, "obras sociales".

	Polit	ical Particip	ation	H.D.*		Education			
		Women (%) in Supreme	Ministerial	Gender Inequality Index	l	iterate population 15 years and older (%)			
	Parliament	Court	posts	Rank		2009-2011, lay			
	2013	2011	2012	2012	Female	Male	F/M		
Anguilla		60							
Antigua and Barbuda	19	60	11		99.4	98.4	1.0		
Argentina	38	29	21	71	97.9	97.8	1.0		
Aruba	 17				96.7	96.9	1.0		
Bahamas Barbados	17 20		6 12	53 61					
Belize	13	29	0	79					
Bermuda									
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	30	18	39	97	86.8	95.8	0.9		
Brazil	10	20	22	85	90.7	90.1	1.0		
Canada	28			18	7 0.7	90.1			
Cayman Islands			10		98.2r	98.1r	1.0		
Chile	14	25	20	66	98.5	98.6	1.0		
Colombia	14	30	31	88	93.7	93.5	1.0		
Costa Rica	39	35	36	62	96.5	96.0	1.0		
Cuba	45	27	26	63	99.8	99.8	1.0		
Curação									
Dominica	13	50	16						
Dominican Republic	19	27	11	109	90.2	90.0	1.0		
Ecuador	32	5	39	83	90.2	93.1	1.0		
El Salvador	26	33	14	82	82.3	87.1	0.9		
French Guiana									
Grenada	18	60	21						
Guadeloupe									
Guatemala	13	8	19	114	71.1	81.2	0.9		
Guyana	31			104	87.3	82.4	1.1		
Haiti	4		19	127					
Honduras	20	20	17	100	84.9	85.3	1.0		
Jamaica	16	50	12	87	91.8	82.1	1.1		
Martinique									
Mexico	36	18	17	72	92.3	94.8	1.0		
Montserrat		60							
Nicaragua	40	29	56	89	77.9	78.1	1.0		
Panama	9	0	21	108	93.5	94.7	1.0		
Paraguay	14	22	15	95	92.9	94.8	1.0		
Peru	22	19	11	73	89.5 ^r	96.2r	0.9		
Puerto Rico		43	6		90.9	89.7	1.0		
Saint Kitts and Nevis	7	60							
Saint Lucia	17	50	30						
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	17	50	12						
Sint Maarten (Dutch)									
Suriname	12	56	16	94	94.0	95.4	1.0		
Trinidad and Tobago	26	39	19	50	98.5	99.2	1.0		
Turks and Caicos Islands									
United States of America	18			42					
Uruguay	12	0	7	69	98.5	97.6	1.0		
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	17	44	24	93	95.4	95.7	1.0		
Virgin Islands (UK)		60							
Virgin Islands (USA)									
Source:	Н	1	1	E	A	A			

-- Data not available or not applicable. lay: Latest available year. F/M: Ratio of Female/Male.

Italics are used when the data year is prior to the period shown.

* Human Development

r Reported by the country

	Education							Employment					
			Populat enroll	ed in				n popula e labor f			rs worked d persons (*	
		ndary sch 8-2011, l		_	Higher education f 2008-2011, lay			(%)	lav.		e)g, urban		
	Female	Male	F/M	Female	Male	F/M	Female	9-2011, Male	F/M	Female	9-2010, la Male	F/M	
Anguilla	77.6	81.8	0.9	8.3	1.7	5.0							
Antigua and Barbuda	103.9	106.0	1.0	19.0	9.6	2.0							
Argentina	95.1	85.4	1.1	90.2	59.8	1.5	48	75	0.6				
Aruba	91.5	89.9	1.0	36.7	27.1	1.4							
Bahamas	98.1	93.1	1.1										
Barbados	110.0	98.1	1.1	89.6	36.5	2.5							
Belize	75.2	77.9	1.0	26.1	16.4	1.6							
Bermuda	83.5	71.0	1.2	42.5	20.1	2.1							
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	80.1	81.9	1.0	35.2	42.0	0.8	58	77	0.8				
Brazil	106.0	95.8	1.1	38.9	30.1	1.3	55	77	0.7	37	43	0.9	
Canada	100.4	102.5	1.0	72.0	53.0	1.4							
Cayman Islands													
Chile	90.7	88.1	1.0	68.5	63.8	1.1	45	70	0.6				
Colombia	101.7	93.4	1.1	44.9	41.0	1.1	60	80	0.8	41	49	0.8	
Costa Rica	104.3	98.8	1.1	48.6	37.7	1.3	50	77	0.6	40	49	0.8	
Cuba	89.6	90.7	1.0	100.6	61.3	1.6	44	68	0.6				
Curaçao													
Dominica	101.6	94.8	1.1										
Dominican Republic	80.8	71.6	1.1	40.8	25.7	1.6	48	71	0.7				
Ecuador	88.3	86.9	1.0	42.7	37.1	1.2	50	77	0.6	39	46	0.8	
El Salvador	67.7	67.5	1.0	26.1	23.0	1.1	52	75	0.7				
French Guiana	100.4	106.2	1.0		44.0	1.4							
Grenada	109.4	106.3	1.0	60.9	44.9	1.4							
Guadeloupe Guatemala	61.9	67.1	0.9	17.8	17.9	1.0	 55	 85	0.6	 5	7	0.7	
Guyana	97.7	89.2	1.1	17.0	7.2	2.4			0.0				
Haiti		07.2		17.2									
Honduras	81.5	66.8	1.2	22.1	19.2	1.2	50	74	0.7	8	9	0.9	
Jamaica	94.2	91.3	1.0	35.3	15.5	2.3							
Martinique		71.5											
Mexico	93.7	87.8	1.1	27.6	28.4	1.0	47	79	0.6	41	50	0.8	
Montserrat	103.2	101.1	1.0										
Nicaragua	72.7	66.2	1.1	18.8	17.3	1.1	51	77	0.7				
Panama	76.6	70.7	1.1	55.7	36.2	1.5	50	78	0.6				
Paraguay	69.5	66.2	1.0	40.4	28.8	1.4	57	79	0.7				
Peru	90.5	91.9	1.0	44.9	41.1	1.1	62	80	0.8	36	49	0.7	
Puerto Rico	78.7	75.7	1.0	102.2	70.4	1.5							
Saint Kitts and Nevis	96.3	92.6	1.0	24.8	11.8	2.1							
Saint Lucia	94.1	96.8	1.0	19.1	11.0	1.7							
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	108.8	106.2	1.0										
Sint Maarten (Dutch)													
Suriname	97.0	73.8	1.3	15.6	9.2	1.7							
Trinidad and Tobago	93.0	87.0	1.1	13.0	10.2	1.3							
Turks and Caicos Islands	83.2	88.7	0.9										
United States of America	96.5	95.6	1.0	111.3	79.2	1.4							
Uruguay	96.4	84.7	1.1	80.4	46.6	1.7	57	75	0.8	38	40	1.0	
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	87.3	79.8	1.1	99.0	58.4	1.7	51 ⁿ	79 ⁿ	0.6				
Virgin Islands (UK)	103.6	100.4	1.0	78.9	48.0	1.6							
Virgin Islands (USA)													
Source:	J	J		J	J		К	K		L	L		

-- Data not available or not applicable. lay: Latest available year. F/M: Ratio of Female/Male.

Italics are used when the data year is prior to the period shown.

n National level data.

f Gross enrollment ratio. g Guatemala and Honduras, daily.

				Emp	loyment				
	Urban workers employed in low-productivity sectors of the labor market (%) 2009-2011, lay				Unpaid family worken urban area (% 2009-2011, la	5)	15	ban popular years and c ut own inco 2010	older
	Female	Male	F/M	Female	Male	F/M	Female	Male	F/M
Anguilla									
Antigua and Barbuda									
Argentina	40.5	36.3	1.1	1.2 ^b	0.4b	2.7	23.9b	10.0b	2.4
Aruba									
Bahamas									
Barbados									
Belize									
Bermuda							20.6		2.7
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	66.0	52.8	1.3	11.2	3.9	2.9	30.6	8.3	3.7
Brazil	43.0	35.9	1.2	2.1	0.8	2.6	29.9	15.8	1.9
Cayman Islands									
Cayman Islands Chile	32.1	22.8	1.4	0.5	0.3	1.7	29.4	13.2	2.2
Colombia	62.7	57.6	1.1	5.0	1.9	2.6	29.6	12.9	2.2
Costa Rica	42.4	31.7	1.3	1.0	0.5	2.0	30.3	9.7	3.1
Cuba		31.7				2.0	30.3		J. I
Curação									
Dominica									
Dominican Republic	46.8	53.3	0.9	2.5	0.8	3.1	29.1	14.4	2.0
Ecuador	60.2	51.3	1.2	9.8	2.3	4.3	34.5	10.0	3.5
El Salvador	61.9	48.7	1.3	7.2	4.2	1.7	30.7	13.5	2.3
French Guiana									
Grenada									
Guadeloupe									
Guatemala	62.2	49.5	1.3	13.5	5.1	2.6	31.2	7.4	4.2
Guyana									
Haiti									
Honduras	51.0	50.5	1.0	8.7	4.8	1.8	32.0	14.6	2.2
Jamaica									
Martinique									
Mexico	48.4	41.3	1.2	4.3	2.3	1.9	34.2	9.1	3.8
Montserrat									
Nicaragua	54.5	34.6	1.6	5.6	4.0	1.4	50.0	24.8	2.0
Panama	31.4	31.6	1.0	0.8	0.4	2.0	27.0	6.9	3.9
Paraguay	58.9	49.0	1.2	4.3	1.8	2.4	32.6	13.4	2.4
Peru	65.9	52.8	1.2	8.7	4.3	2.0	27.6	13.8	2.0
Puerto Rico									
Saint Kitts and Nevis									
Saint Lucia									
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines									
Sint Maarten (Dutch)									
Suriname									
Trinidad and Tobago									
Turks and Caicos Islands									
United States of America									
Uruguay	39.6	30.8	1.3	1.3	0.5	2.6	15.5	5.9	2.6
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	46.3 ⁿ	55.0 ⁿ	0.8n	1.4 ⁿ	0.6 ⁿ	2.3	35.8n	11.5 ⁿ	3.1
Virgin Islands (UK)									
Virgin Islands (USA)									
Source:	М	М		N	N		0	0	

--Data not available or not applicable. Italics are used when the data year is prior to the period shown.

lay: Latest available year. b 31 urban agglomerations. F/M: Ratio of Female/Male

n National level data.

			E	mployment		Sexual and Reproductive Health				
	unemplo	(%) -2011,	lay	Share of women (%) in wage em- ployment, non- agricultural sector 2006-2010	employment income as %	Total fertility rate (children/ woman) 2013	Percent o who gave b 15-19 years 2013		Teens (%) who are mothers or are pregnant with their first child 2007-2012, uad	
Anguilla				49		1.7				
Antigua and Barbuda				51		2.0				
Argentina	8.5	6.2	1.4	45	72	2.2	5.4	2.5		
Aruba				49		1.8		1.6		
Bahamas				50		1.9	2.5	2.9		
Barbados				51		1.7	4.3	2.6		
Belize				38		2.7	7.0	2.7		
Bermuda				49		2.0				
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	6.2	3.6	1.7	37	69	3.2	7.2	4.7	18	
Brazil	9.8	5.5	1.8	42	71	1.8	7.1	1.4		
Canada				50		1.7	1.5	1.9		
Cayman Islands				51		1.9				
Chile	9.6	6.6	1.5	38	71	1.8	5.6	1.8		
Colombia	14.8		1.5	46	77	2.3	6.8	2.2	20	
Costa Rica	9.7	6.3	1.5	43 45	79	1.8	6.1	1.5		
Cuba	1.8	1.5	1.2	45		1.4	4.4	0.8		
Curaçao Dominica				 44		2.1 2.1	3.7	1.0		
Dominican Republic	8.7	5.7	1.5	42	58	2.5	10.0	1.6	 21	
Ecuador	6.1	4.3	1.4	39	75	2.6	7.7	3.0	19	
El Salvador	5.1	8.3	0.6	48	84	2.2	7.7	2.1	23	
French Guiana	J. 1	0.5				3.1	6.8	3.3		
Grenada				43		2.1	4.0	2.5		
Guadeloupe				46		2.1	1.2	2.5		
Guatemala	3.1	2.4	1.3	30	58	3.8	9.6	5.2	22	
Guyana				35		2.5	8.7	2.4	18	
Haiti						3.1	4.2	6.1	14	
Honduras	7.2	5.9	1.2	42	84	3.0	8.3	4.0	24	
Jamaica				48		2.3	6.8	1.8	14	
Martinique				51		1.8	2.8	2.4		
Mexico	4.3	7.6	0.6	39	70	2.2	6.3	1.9		
Montserrat						1.3				
Nicaragua	7.3	9.2	0.8	38	81	2.5	10.0	2.5	25	
Panama	5.4		1.0	43	77	2.5	7.8	1.7		
Paraguay	8.3i	4.9i	1.7	40	67	2.9	6.7	3.8	12	
Peru	5.2	4.5	1.2	38	62	2.4	5.1	3.5	13	
Puerto Rico				46		1.6	4.8	1.0		
Saint Kitts and Nevis						1.8				
Saint Lucia				48		1.8	4.9	3.1		
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines						1.9	4.0	1.9		
Sint Maarten (Dutch)						2.1				
Suriname				36		2.3	3.4	1.9		
Trinidad and Tobago				44		1.8	3.7	1.6		
Turks and Caicos Islands				38		1.7				
United States of America				48		2.0	3.1	2.0		
Uruguay	7.8	4.9	1.6	46	73	2.0	5.9	2.1		
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	9.1n	7.0n	1.3	42	83n	2.4	8.3	2.2		
Virgin Islands (UK)				49		1.2				
Virgin Islands (USA)						1.8	5.7	1.9		
Source:	Р	Р		Q	R	A	В	В	S	

--Data not available or not applicable. Italics are used when the data year is prior to the period shown. lay: Latest available year. n National level data. F/M: Ratio of Female/Male i Asunción metropolitan area.

			Sexual and Rep	productive Hea	lth	
	Births of order >3 (%)	Births (%) <24 months since last delivery	Preval of anen among v who	lence nia (%) women	Maternal n (per 100 and	nortality ratio 1,000 l.b.**) number deaths
	2007-2012, uad		pregnant 2003-2012, lay	not pregnant ^h 2003-2009, lay	2010-2 Ratio	2012, uad No. of deaths
Anguilla					-	-
Antigua and Barbuda			30	27	-	-
Argentina			31	19	39.8	302
Aruba					-	-
Bahamas			23	23	40.0	2
Barbados			23	17	60.2	2
Belize			52	31	41.8	3
Bermuda					-	-
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	32	23	49	35		
Brazil			29	23	64.8	1,886
Canada			12	14	7.6	29
Cayman Islands					-	-
Chile				5	18.5	46
Colombia	14	18	45	33	71.6	469
Costa Rica				10	21.8	16
Cuba			27	16	33.4	42
Curaçao						
Dominica			36	25	105.0	1
Dominican Republic	18	23		34	108.0	236
Ecuador	28	26	57	47	70.4	241
El Salvador		15	8	10	42.0	53
French Guiana					16.4	1
Grenada			31	24	60.3	1
Guadeloupe						
Guatemala	45	24	22	22	113.9	441
Guyana	26	25	52	54		
Haiti	29	19	50	46		
Honduras	20	15	21	19	74.0	162
Jamaica		12	51	24	81.3	32
Martinique					19.3	1
Mexico			18	12	43.0	971
Montserrat					45.0	77 1
	29				- F0 0	71
Nicaragua		18		11	50.9	71 59
Panama			36	40	80.5	
Paraguay		22	39	26	88.8	94
Peru Puerto Rico	20	12	27 	20	93.0	442
					14.2	6
Saint Kitts and Nevis			26	21	314.0	2
Saint Lucia			33	25		
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines			33	24	53.5	1
Sint Maarten (Dutch)						
Suriname			32	20	82.5	8
Trinidad and Tobago		-	30	24		
Turks and Caicos Islands					-	-
United States of America			6	7		
Uruguay			27	17	10.3	5
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)			40	28	69.3	412
Virgin Islands (UK)		-				
Virgin Islands (USA)						
Source:	T,U	S	٧	٧	A	A

--Data not available or not applicable. Italics are used when the data year is prior to the period shown.

lay: Latest available year.

** Live births.
- Magnitude zero.

h 15-49 years old, with exceptions.

	Sexual and Reproductive Health										
	dı	ue to maligr 2009-20	100,000 wor nant neoplasr 012, lay	m É	repo (per 10	nal incidence of orted AIDS case 0,000 populat	es	Women with HIV (%) among all persons ≥15 years old who are infec-			
	Cer Corrected	vix Adjusted	Brea Corrected	Adjusted	Female	09-2012, lay Male	F/M	ted with HIV 2011			
Anguilla					-	-					
Antigua and Barbuda	8.9	9.5	17.8	19.3		-					
Argentina	4.6	4.3	26.0	20.1	1.6	4.4	0.4	38			
Aruba	8.8	7.3	44.2	29.0		-					
Bahamas	8.1	7.3	36.4	34.2				48			
Barbados	11.5	8.1	41.4	29.4	14.2	31.7	0.4	36			
Belize	14.9	22.9	7.1	12.2	84.1	72.7	1.2	41			
Bermuda	2.8	1.0	28.4	14.5	-	3.0	-				
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)					1.2	2.1	0.6	8			
Brazil	5.2	5.1	13.2	13.3	14.4	25.2	0.6	43			
Canada	2.2	1.4	29.1	16.6	0.2	0.7	0.3	18			
Cayman Islands			15.6	11.8	7.6	27.9	0.3				
Chile	6.7	5.6	15.5	12.5	1.7	10.4	0.2	10			
Colombia	9.1	10.3	13.5	15.3	1.5	4.9	0.3	19			
Costa Rica	4.6	4.7	11.3	12.0	1.1	5.5	0.2	49			
Cuba	8.3	6.0	24.9	16.7	2.3	11.3	0.2	21			
Curaçao											
Dominica	11.1	11.7	24.9	18.9	5.5	13.6	0.4				
Dominican Republic	8.4	10.1	14.1	17.2	1.1	1.0	1.1	59			
Ecuador	6.1	7.4	7.4	8.9	4.0	11.7	0.3	25			
El Salvador	7.9	9.3	6.0	7.1	3.6	10.1	0.4	41			
French Guiana	3.6	4.9	4.4	5.7							
Grenada	11.1	9.1	33.4	31.7	5.6	18.3	0.3				
Guadeloupe Guatemala	3.3	2.5	21.2	14.5							
	5.2	8.6	3.4	5.8	3.6	7.6	0.5	42			
Guyana Haiti	9.0	14.7	13.2	21.2	13.6	21.1	0.6	44			
Honduras					5.8	8.6	0.7	61 34			
Jamaica					5.6	0.0	0.7	34			
Martinique	4.6	3.2	24.6	14.4				34 			
Mexico	6.3	7.2	8.4	9.7	1.5	6.3	0.2	18			
Montserrat		7.2		7.7	1.5	33.3	0.2				
Nicaragua	12.3	18.3	7.1	10.9	0.7	1.8	0.4	74			
Panama	9.0	10.0	12.7	14.1	11.2	26.8	0.4	26			
Paraguay	13.1	17.4	16.2	22.2	3.3	6.8	0.5	34			
Peru	11.4	13.8	9.1	11.0	1.5	5.1	0.3	29			
Puerto Rico	3.2	2.4	21.2	14.1							
Saint Kitts and Nevis	7.9	6.0	31.8	26.2	8.0	16.0					
Saint Lucia	3.6	3.0	20.6	19.0	12.2	20.3	0.6				
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	7.8	7.7	27.5	25.8	27.4	30.4	0.9				
Sint Maarten (Dutch)						-					
Suriname	8.1	9.0	10.8	12.6				55			
Trinidad and Tobago	11.1	10.2	23.3	21.3	3.8	6.5	0.6	52			
Turks and Caicos Islands					31.6	13.2	2.4				
United States of America	2.5	1.8	25.8	15.9	5.0	15.6	0.3	23			
Uruguay	4.5	3.5	34.9	21.2	3.5	10.3	0.3	32			
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	10.2	12.2	14.5	17.9				26			
Virgin Islands (UK)			20.1	18.7	20.0	42.9	0.5				
Virgin Islands (USA)	3.5	3.8	19.5	11.7							
Source:	W	W	W	W	Х	Х		Y			

Notes -- Data not available or not applicable. lay: Latest available year.

F/M: Ratio of Female/Male.

- Magnitude zero.

	Sexual ar	ıd Reproduci	tive Health	Access to Services				
	Pi	revalence of HIV (5 in the population 15-24 years old 2011	%)	trained pe	care by rsonnel (%) 012, lay At delivery	Births by Caesarean section (%)		
	Female	Male	F/M	(≥4 visits)	,	2004-2010, lay		
Anguilla				100	100			
Antigua and Barbuda				100	100			
Argentina	0.2	0.2	1.0		99			
Aruba				100	100			
Bahamas	0.5	0.3	1.7	86	99			
Barbados	0.2	0.3	0.7	81	100			
Belize	1.0	1.0	1.0		89			
Bermuda Rolivia (Plurinational State of)				99	100			
Bolivia (Plurinational State of) Brazil	<0.1	0.2	<0.5	56	75 99	19		
Canada	0.1	0.1	1.0	90	100			
Canada Cayman Islands	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	99	100			
Cayman islands Chile	<0.1	0.3	<0.3		100			
Colombia	0.1	0.3	0.3	89	99	34		
Costa Rica	0.1	0.4	2.0	87	99			
Cuba	<0.1	<0.1	1.0	100	100			
Curação								
Dominica					100			
Dominican Republic	0.4	0.1	4.0		97	42		
Ecuador	0.1	0.3	0.3		91	26		
El Salvador	0.3	0.3	1.0	70	85	25		
French Guiana				86	99			
Grenada					99			
Guadeloupe								
Guatemala	0.5	0.4	1.3		52	11		
Guyana	0.3	0.2	1.5			13		
Haiti	1.1	0.4	2.8	19	38	3		
Honduras				89	83	13		
Jamaica	0.6	0.9	0.7		96			
Martinique				91	100			
Mexico	<0.1	0.1	<1.0	87	98			
Montserrat				100	100			
Nicaragua	0.2	<0.1	<2.0	71	74	15		
Panama	0.1	0.4	0.3	94	94			
Paraguay	0.2	0.2	1.0	73	96	27		
Peru	0.1	0.2	0.5	94	87	18		
Puerto Rico				99	100			
Saint Kitts and Nevis					100			
Saint Lucia		-		99	99			
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines					99			
Sint Maarten (Dutch)								
Suriname Tripidad and Tobago	0.2	0.2	1.0	67 100	90			
Trinidad and Tobago	1.0	0.6	1.7	100	100			
Turks and Caicos Islands United States of America	 0.2		0.7	98 97	100 99			
	0.2	0.3	0.7	97 92	100			
Uruguay Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	0.2 0.1	0.4 0.4	0.5 0.3	61	96			
Virgin Islands (UK)	0.1	0.4	0.3	100	100			
Virgin Islands (USA)				91				
Source:	Υ	Y		A	A	AA		

Notes -- Data

-- Data not available or not applicable. Italics are used when the data year is prior to the period shown.

lay: Latest available year.

F/M: Ratio of Female/Male.

Access to Services

Women aged 15 to 49 in union using contraceptive methods (%) 2003-2010, lay

					Condom			
	Any method	Modern methods	Pill	IUD	Female	ization Male	Injection	Male
Anguilla	43	41	18	3	3	<1	2	15
Antigua and Barbuda							-	
Argentina	79	70	20	8	6		2	33
Aruba								
Bahamas								
Barbados								
Belize	34	31	11	2	9	<1	5	4
Bermuda								
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	61	34	3	8	7	<1	11	4
Brazil	80	77	25	2	29	5	4	12
Canada	74	72	21	1	11	22	1	15
Cayman Islands								
Chile	64		29	19	7			9
Colombia	79	73	8	8	35	3	9	7
Costa Rica	82	80	21	3	30	6	10	9
Cuba	73	72	6	35	19	<1	1	11
Curaçao								
Dominica								
Dominican Republic	73	70	13	2	47	<1	4	2
Ecuador	73	59	13	10	24	<1	6	4
El Salvador	73	66	6	1	32	<1	23	5
French Guiana								
Grenada								
Guadeloupe								
Guatemala	54	44	4	1	19	<1	15	4
Guyana	43	40	9	7	5	<1	5	13
Haiti	32	24	3		2		11	5
Honduras	65	56	11	7	21	<1	14	3
Jamaica	72	68	17	1	10	<1	14	25
Martinique								
Mexico	71	67	5	12			5	6
Montserrat								
Nicaragua	72	69	14	3	24	<1	23	4
Panama	52	49	11	5	17		13	3
Paraguay	79	70	18	12	10	<1	17	13
Peru	74	50	8	3	9	<1	18	11
Puerto Rico	84	72	16	1	39	5	3	9
Saint Kitts and Nevis								
Saint Lucia								
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines								
Sint Maarten (Dutch)								
Suriname	46	45	27	2	9	<1	3	4
Trinidad and Tobago	43	38	11	3	8	<1	2	13
Turks and Caicos Islands								
United States of America	79	73	16	5	24	13	1	12
Uruguay	77	75	24	12	5	1		31
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)								
Virgin Islands (UK)								
Virgin Islands (USA)	78	73	19	1	19	2	5	25
Source:	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z

Notes

-- Data not available or not applicable. Italics are used when the data year is prior to the period shown.

lay: Latest available year.

			Risk F		Mortality			
			KISK F	actors			INTOL	lailly
	am	e of tobacco c ong adolescen (13-15 years ol 2008-2010, la	ts (%) .d)	of	Prevalence f obesity (%) (adults) ^j 04-2012, lay		(per 100,000 p MN* of	h rates opulation, male) prostate 2012, lay
	Female	Male	F/M	Female	Male	F/M	Corrected	Adjusted
Anguilla							67.3	65.9
Antigua and Barbuda++	16	24	0.7				39.3	48.7
Argentina+	30	26	1.1	19			18.8	18.5
Aruba++							25.5	25.0
Bahamas	15	18	0.8				26.7	42.0
Barbados	23	35	0.7				78.2	78.0
Belize	15	22	0.7				9.7	20.8
Bermuda+							42.4	27.2
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	17	25	0.7	17				
Brazil+	31	29	1.1	16	9	1.8	13.6	18.3
Canada+				23	23	1.0	22.4	13.4
Cayman Islands++							28.5	26.7
Chile+	40	30	1.3	31	19	1.6	22.7	24.6
Colombia	28	27	1.0	15	10	1.5	11.9	19.5
Costa Rica+	13	16	0.8				17.4	23.6
Cuba+	15	20	0.8	15	8	1.9	46.4	33.3
Curaçao								
Dominica	20	30	0.7				92.4	78.9
Dominican Republic	12	18	0.6	18	13	1.4	31.1	40.9
Ecuador	26	31	0.8				13.5	19.4
El Salvador	11	18	0.6				9.5	12.5
French Guiana							15.1	42.5
Grenada	17	25	0.7				72.6	76.7
Guadeloupe+							53.5	36.6
Guatemala	13	20	0.7	23			8.0	16.6
Guyana	16	25	0.6				19.0	85.8
Haiti	24	22	1.1	6				
Honduras	18	23	0.8	19				
Jamaica	25	31	0.8					
Martinique+				5	6	0.8	56.8	31.0
Mexico+	29	28	1.0	38	27	1.4	9.6	15.1
Montserrat	14	10	1.3				77.7	48.1
Nicaragua	21	30	0.7	20			7.4	14.6
Panama	7	11	0.6	36	32	1.1	17.5	22.3
Paraguay	13	21	0.6				11.4	20.3
Peru	17	22	0.8	14	12	1.2	13.7	21.3
Puerto Rico+							30.1	19.6
Saint Kitts and Nevis	8	10	0.8				43.8	50.9
Saint Lucia++	15	22	0.6				34.2	29.4
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	17	22	0.8				41.9	46.4
Sint Maarten (Dutch)								
Suriname+	17	21	0.8				11.5	17.6
Trinidad and Tobago++	18	21	0.9				38.7	51.0
Turks and Caicos Islands++							4.8	9.6
United States of America	11	15	0.7	37	35	1.0	18.6	12.1
Uruguay+	25	21	1.1	18	17	1.1	37.7	25.9
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	7	11	0.7				17.9	29.7
Virgin Islands (UK)++							35.7	46.1
Virgin Islands (USA)							38.1	23.6
Source:	ВВ	BB		CC	CC		W	W

-- Data not available or not applicable. Italics are used when the data year is prior to the period shown. lay: Latest available year.

F/M: Ratio of Female/Male j Various age groups. See Technical Notes. *MN: Malignant Neoplasms.

Mortality only:
+ Observed rates, good quality data.
++ Observed rates, without input for correction.

	Mortality								
	Death rates (per 100,000 population, by sex)								
	Cerebrovascular diseases						Ischemic heart disease		
		Corrected	2009-20	11, lay	Adjusted		2	2009-2011, lay Corrected	'
	Female	Male	F/M	Female	Male	F/M	Female	Male	F/M
Anguilla	51.3	13.7	3.7	73.2	73.2	1.0	12.8	41.1	0.3
Antigua and Barbuda++	20.0	24.6	0.8	24.1	30.4	0.8	51.2	58.9	0.9
Argentina +	45.8	44.5	1.0	31.8	41.3	0.8	40.2	56.8	0.7
Aruba ++	53.8	51.6	1.0	33.2	40.9	0.8	37.7	59.6	0.6
Bahamas	46.1	36.3	1.3	42.4	41.1	1.0	34.7	62.4	0.6
Barbados	86.1	65.1	1.3	62.2	60.5	1.0	54.9	57.2	1.0
Belize	22.0	31.8	0.7	41.3	60.7	0.7	30.5	46.0	0.7
Bermuda +	48.2	33.3	1.4	46.4	36.8	1.3	65.2	75.7	0.9
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)									
Brazil +	49.9	52.5	1.0	49.6	62.7	0.8	43.4	62.1	0.7
Canada +	48.7	34.8	1.4	26.3	22.8	1.2	93.1	119.8	0.8
Cayman Islands ++	11.7	16.3	0.7	31.9	47.7	0.7	11.7	28.5	0.4
Chile +	51.3	49.9	1.0	40.1	48.5	0.8	31.6	52.0	0.6
Colombia	38.6	31.9	1.2	46.1	45.0	1.0	67.2	83.7	0.8
Costa Rica +	27.3	24.6	1.1	30.1	30.9	1.0	42.9	62.1	0.7
Cuba +	80.4	73.6	1.1	49.8	51.6	1.0	129.6	144.0	0.9
Curaçao									
Dominica	63.6	81.5	0.8	44.8	76.8	0.6	35.9	38.0	0.9
Dominican Republic	63.0	66.6	0.9	74.3	81.8	0.9	83.6	108.3	0.8
Ecuador	35.8	38.5	0.9	37.5	44.1	0.9	15.7	22.5	0.7
El Salvador	23.3	23.7	1.0	23.0	25.6	0.9	58.2	65.3	0.9
French Guiana	16.9	19.5	0.9	29.0	31.2	0.9	1.8	10.6	0.2
Grenada	91.3	65.7	1.4	76.7	60.9	1.3	55.9	93.1	0.6
Guadeloupe +	55.7	56.2	1.0	35.0	41.6	0.8	20.4	33.5	0.6
Guatemala	23.9	22.9	1.0	38.0	39.0	1.0	35.0	41.5	0.8
Guyana	83.2	70.2	1.2	140.2	207.7	0.7	64.3	92.0	0.7
Haiti									
Honduras									
Jamaica									
Martinique +	45.1	67.6	0.7	23.8	41.5	0.6	17.7	32.5	0.5
Mexico +	26.0	25.2	1.0	30.8	34.5	0.9	49.5	67.0	0.7
Montserrat	39.0	77.7	0.5	118.8	120.0	1.0	39.0	116.6	0.3
Nicaragua	30.6	29.1	1.1	48.4	50.3	1.0	53.1	56.1	0.9
Panama	42.2	48.0	0.9	46.2	57.0	0.8	48.9	65.3	0.7
Paraguay	51.9	45.8	1.1	69.8	67.0	1.0	42.7	58.4	0.7
Peru	21.6	23.4	0.9	23.3	27.5	0.8	19.3	26.4	0.7
Puerto Rico+	41.6	39.1	1.1	24.7	28.2	0.9	75.6	98.1	0.8
Saint Kitts and Nevis	95.3	123.4	0.8	92.2	146.1	0.6	63.5	67.7	0.9
Saint Lucia ++	55.6	50.7	1.1	43.6	48.0	0.9	18.1	38.0	0.5
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	111.4	75.9	1.5	103.6	80.5	1.3	121.1	100.6	1.2
Sint Maarten (Dutch)									
Suriname +	69.0	65.6	1.1	74.0	86.5	0.9	31.6	57.5	0.5
Trinidad and Tobago++	59.1	67.5	0.9	52.5	73.5	0.7	103.1	142.4	0.7
Turks and Caicos Islands++	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.9	14.5	0.3
United States of America	48.6	34.1	1.4	27.7	23.9	1.2	108.4	135.3	0.8
Uruguay +	94.2	72.4	1.3	49.9	54.3	0.9	67.9	83.3	0.8
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	45.7	42.3	1.1	58.2	60.6	1.0	74.9	103.3	0.7
Virgin Islands (UK)++	6.7	14.3	0.5	4.2	47.1	0.1	13.4	50.0	0.3
Virgin Islands (USA)	24.8	36.1	0.7	14.2	20.8	0.7	76.3	132.3	0.6
Source:	Α	Α		A	A		A	A	

⁻⁻ Data not available or not applicable. Italics are used when the data year is prior to the period shown.

F/M: Ratio of Female/Male - Magnitude zero. lay: Latest available year.

⁺ Observed rates, good quality data. ++ Observed rates, without input for correction.

	Mortality									
	Death rates (per 100,000 population, by sex)									
	Ischemic heart disease Diabe						tes mellitus			
	20	009-2011, lay Adjusted			Corrected	2009	9-2011, lay	1, lay Adjusted		
	Female	Male	F/M	Female	Male	F/M	Female	Male	F/M	
Anguilla	30.0	137.7	0.2	51.3	27.4	1.9	97.3	50.8	1.9	
Antigua and Barbuda++	55.0	73.5	0.7	35.6	41.8	0.9	35.2	53.4	0.7	
Argentina+	28.2	53.9	0.5	19.1	20.5	0.9	13.6	19.5	0.7	
Aruba++	24.9	51.8	0.5	26.9	33.8	0.8	17.2	26.0	0.7	
Bahamas	33.8	71.6	0.5	36.4	19.3	1.9	33.1	20.2	1.6	
Barbados	39.2	55.8	0.7	59.0	49.9	1.2	40.3	50.1	0.8	
Belize	50.4	85.2	0.6	53.8	42.1	1.3	97.6	81.2	1.2	
Bermuda+	32.3	50.1	0.6	19.9	36.3	0.5	10.2	21.7	0.5	
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	43.5	71.1	0.6	22.2	 26 4	1.2	32.6	 21 1	1.0	
Brazil+ Canada+	50.6	71.1	0.6	32.3 19.4	26.4 21.6	0.9	10.5	31.1 14.1	1.0 0.7	
Cayman Islands++	14.9	37.0	0.4	15.4	8.2	1.9	60.1	44.7	1.3	
Chile+	24.9	49.0	0.5	20.1	19.6	1.0	15.8	19.1	0.8	
Colombia	83.5	120.2	0.7	20.9	15.1	1.4	25.1	21.1	1.2	
Costa Rica+	47.9	75.4	0.6	15.3	13.5	1.1	16.3	16.3	1.0	
Cuba+	80.8	101.6	0.8	25.5	15.3	1.7	15.8	10.6	1.5	
Curação										
Dominica	29.3	45.4	0.6	88.5	62.5	1.4	65.4	53.2	1.2	
Dominican Republic	98.3	131.9	0.7	26.4	25.1	1.1	30.2	29.0	1.0	
Ecuador	16.8	25.8	0.7	46.1	37.4	1.2	50.4	44.6	1.1	
El Salvador	60.2	75.8	0.8	43.9	27.6	1.6	45.7	32.3	1.4	
French Guiana	3.3	20.4	0.2	13.3	8.9	1.5	20.8	16.0	1.3	
Grenada	48.3	91.0	0.5	126.7	60.3	2.1	102.4	59.8	1.7	
Guadeloupe+	12.2	24.3	0.5	36.1	29.3	1.2	22.8	22.4	1.0	
Guatemala	57.3	72.2	0.8	41.7	29.2	1.4	68.2	51.0	1.3	
Guyana	107.9	242.9	0.4	66.6	41.6	1.6	105.4	115.2	0.9	
Haiti										
Honduras										
Jamaica										
Martinique+	9.1	20.3	0.4	27.9	26.0	1.1	16.3	16.9	1.0	
Mexico+	60.5	91.4	0.7	66.8	66.0	1.0	79.1	89.0	0.9	
Montserrat	84.5	415.6	0.2	272.7	349.8	0.8	797.0	619.0	1.3	
Nicaragua	84.5	96.3	0.9	44.1	35.7	1.2	66.4	58.9	1.1	
Panama	54.1	77.6	0.7	37.4	25.0	1.5	41.3	29.1	1.4	
Paraguay	59.0 22.8	86.5 34.4	0.7 0.7	46.2 13.8	28.5 14.3	1.6 1.0	63.8 16.5	42.4 19.2	1.5 0.9	
Peru Puerto Rico+	44.9	72.2	0.7	75.5	83.8	0.9	45.3	62.6	0.7	
Saint Kitts and Nevis	69.4	91.3	0.8	95.3	75.6	1.3	87.1	85.0	1.0	
Saint Lucia++	15.1	32.4	0.5	77.4	81.2	1.0	61.8	75.7	0.8	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	110.8	101.7	1.1	123.1	68.3	1.8	109.6	73.6	1.5	
Sint Maarten (Dutch)										
Suriname+	33.1	69.2	0.5	28.9	29.5	1.0	30.1	37.5	0.8	
Trinidad and Tobago++	93.1	150.4	0.6	105.6	110.1	1.0	93.8	118.0	0.8	
Turks and Caicos Islands++	38.1	80.0	0.5	4.9	-		38.1	-		
United States of America	62.5	95.6	0.7	21.2	23.1	0.9	12.3	16.1	0.8	
Uruguay+	36.1	63.2	0.6	21.6	21.6	1.0	11.6	16.2	0.7	
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	96.5	143.5	0.7	41.8	35.2	1.2	52.9	49.2	1.1	
Virgin Islands (UK)++	54.0	200.4	0.3	33.6	14.3	2.3	83.2	21.5	3.9	
Virgin Islands (USA)	43.1	78.6	0.5	53.2	28.1	1.9	28.2	16.3	1.7	
Source:	A	A		A	A		A	A		

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F/M: Ratio of Female/Male - Magnitude zero. lay: Latest available year.

⁺ Observed rates, good quality data. ++ Observed rates, without input for correction.

Mortality

Death rates (per 100,000 population, by sex) Cirrhosis and other chronic liver diseasess Malignant neoplasms of lung, trachea, and bronchi 2009-2012, lay 2009-2012, lav Corrected Adjusted Corrected Female Male F/M Female Male F/M Female Male F/M Anguilla 13.5 Antigua and Barbuda++ 7.4 8.9 4.5 22.1 0.2 Argentina+ 32.7 3.6 12.2 0.3 2.8 12.2 0.2 13.0 0.4 Aruba++ 7.1 15.7 0.5 4.2 0.4 5.3 25.5 0.2 11.8 **Bahamas** 4.9 12.5 0.4 4.8 13.0 0.4 6.5 13.6 0.5 Barbados 2.7 10.1 0.3 2.7 8.8 0.3 8.8 10.1 0.9 Belize 11.0 13.0 0.8 20.2 28.2 0.7 4.5 6.5 0.7 Bermuda+ 3.0 0.9 19.9 24.2 2.8 1.8 1.8 1.0 0.8 Bolivia (Plurinational State of) Brazil+ 4.6 18.7 0.2 4.6 20.5 0.2 8.7 14.1 0.6 Canada+ 6.0 11.1 0.5 3.8 7.7 0.5 50.2 63.2 0.8 Cayman Islands++ 7.8 24.5 8.2 5.4 0.3 Chile+ 12.9 31.2 0.4 10.6 29.8 0.4 12.1 20.2 0.6 Colombia 4.2 8.1 0.5 5.1 11.0 0.5 8.6 12.5 0.7 Costa Rica+ 0.5 3 7 83 8 1 14 4 0.6 9 0 16.8 04 Cuba+ 5.0 14.7 0.3 3.4 11.0 0.3 32.3 56.5 0.6 Curação 9.1 Dominica 0.7 5.5 11.1 13.6 0.8 13.6 8.2 0.7 Dominican Republic 9.9 15.2 0.6 12.2 19.9 0.6 8.7 11.1 0.8 20.6 Ecuador 11.7 14.3 27.2 0.5 5.1 7.3 0.7 0.6 El Salvador 20.7 29.1 0.9 10.7 0.5 12.5 0.4 5.2 5.6 French Guiana 6.2 8.6 3.6 5.3 0.7 5.5 Grenada 5.6 14.5 0.4 14.2 0.4 14.8 10.9 1.4 Guadeloupe+ 3.7 9.8 0.4 2.5 8.5 0.3 7.1 15.3 0.5 Guatemala 10.7 29.1 0.4 18.0 51.9 0.3 2.4 2.6 0.9 Guyana 8.8 33.3 0.3 12.3 64.8 0.2 3.1 4.8 0.6 Haiti Honduras Jamaica Martinique+ 3.7 8.1 0.5 2.2 5.8 0.4 12 1 18.9 0.6 Mexico+ 10.9 34.3 0.3 13.1 45.3 0.3 3.9 7.3 0.5 Montserrat 116.6 168.3 2.9 Nicaragua 9.0 0.3 14.0 48.5 0.3 5.2 31.6 0.6 10.5 Panama 4.9 0.5 5.6 12.8 0.4 5.8 11.3 0.5 Paraguay 2.4 12.2 0.2 3.2 17.5 0.2 4.1 14.5 0.3 Peru 12.5 26.9 15.3 10.6 0.5 36.3 0.4 8.4 0.8 Puerto Rico+ 5.3 14.9 0.4 3.5 12.0 0.3 10.4 23.1 0.5 Saint Kitts and Nevis 4.0 23.9 0.2 4.5 27.1 0.2 4.0 Saint Lucia++ 3.6 12.7 0.3 3.5 13.5 0.3 4.8 8.9 0.5 Saint Vincent and the Grenadines 5.9 11.4 0.5 5.6 10.7 0.5 7.8 9.5 0.8 Sint Maarten (Dutch) Suriname+ 10.0 0.3 0.3 5.0 11.9 3.6 13.3 0.4 3.1 Trinidad and Tobago++ 5.4 13.8 0.4 4.9 13.7 0.4 5.0 14.6 0.3 Turks and Caicos Islands++ 4.9 1.0 4.8 United States of America 8.6 15.9 0.5 5.9 12.1 0.5 44.5 57.2 0.8 Uruguay+ 2.8 11.0 0.3 1.6 9.0 0.2 14.8 60.6 0.2 Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) 15.5 4.2 16.8 0.2 5.3 22.3 0.2 10.8 0.7 Virgin Islands (UK)++ 7.1 5.3 Virgin Islands (USA) 7.1 18.0 0.4 4.8 11.0 0.4 8.9 28.1 0.3

Notes

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F/M: Ratio of Female/Male - Magnitude zero. lay: Latest available vear

for correction.

⁺ Observed rates, good quality data. ++ Observed rates, without input

Mortality Death rates (per 100,000 population, by sex) Malignant neoplasms of lung, trachea, and HIV disease bronchi 2009-2012, lav 2009-2012, lav Adjusted Adjusted Corrected Female Male F/M Female Male F/M Female Male F/M Anguilla 13.9 Antigua and Barbuda++ 3.9 25.3 0.2 14.7 15.1 Argentina+ 10.1 31.9 0.31.8 4.6 0.4 1.9 4.7 0.4 Aruba++ 3.2 22.1 0.1 Bahamas 15.8 0.4 22.2 0.6 20.2 32.5 0.6 6.5 34.6 Barbados 6.2 9.6 0.6 1.4 5.8 0.2 1.3 4.7 0.3 Belize 13.1 0.6 20.1 47.3 0.4 23.3 60.6 0.4 Bermuda+ 10.4 15.8 3.0 0.7 2.0 Bolivia (Plurinational State of) Brazil+ 9.0 17.7 0.5 4.2 8.2 0.5 4.0 8.1 0.5 Canada+ 28.5 0.7 41 4 04 17 0.2 0 4 1 3 0.3 Cayman Islands++ 20.7 6.7 0.3 Chile+ 9.8 20.4 0.5 1.0 4.5 0.2 0.9 4.3 0.2 Colombia 10.5 18.7 0.6 3.3 11.9 0.3 3.3 12.7 0.3 Costa Rica+ 4.1 10.8 0.4 1.2 4.2 0.3 1.2 4.2 0.3 Cuba+ 41.9 0.5 3.2 21.3 0.5 3.6 0.1 0.4 0.1 Curação 7.8 2.7 Dominica 9.7 4.8 0.6 2.8 10.9 0.3 0.3 Dominican Republic 10.8 14.9 0.7 9.2 14.9 9.8 16.5 0.6 Ecuador 10.1 2.8 10.1 0.3 3.0 11.0 6.2 0.6 0.3 El Salvador 13.5 10.5 6.0 7.6 0.8 3 7 0.44.1 0.3 French Guiana 6.0 7.2 0.8 9.8 9.7 1.0 11.2 10.0 1.1 Grenada 13.8 9.9 1.4 12.7 13.4 Guadeloupe+ 12.0 2 5 0.4 2.0 5.2 5.0 0.4 5.6 0.4 Guatemala 4.2 4.9 0.9 2.7 0.4 3.2 9.5 0.3 6.6 Guyana 13.3 22.0 27.3 0.8 24.2 5.1 0.4 33.1 0.7 Haiti Honduras Jamaica Martinique+ 11.9 0.6 0.9 3.2 0.3 0.7 2.5 0.3 6.6 Mexico+ 10.7 1.5 7.0 0.2 7.6 0.2 4.7 0.4 1.5 Montserrat 2.9 Nicaragua 9.3 0.5 7.6 0.4 8.8 4.6 3.1 0.4 Panama 6.5 14.2 0.5 7.6 19.4 0.4 7.9 20.4 0.4 Paraguay 5.8 23.1 0.3 4.1 5.3 0.8 4.4 6.2 0.7 7.2 Peru 10.3 15.2 0.7 2 1 0.3 2.2 0.3 6.6 Puerto Rico+ 6.3 16.8 0.4 5.0 13.2 0.4 4.6 12.4 0.4 Saint Kitts and Nevis 4.6 4.0 3.7 Saint Lucia++ 48 1 2 13 9 14 5 8 2 0.6 0 1 1 1 0.1 Saint Vincent and the Grenadines 7.4 9.7 0.8 7.8 15.2 0.5 7.9 14.5 0.5 Sint Maarten (Dutch) Suriname+ 17.7 0.8 5.8 16.3 0.4 21.1 18.2 21.6 0.8 Trinidad and Tobago++ 15.7 4.5 0.3 13.7 23.6 0.6 13.0 22.0 0.6 Turks and Caicos Islands++ 10.4 7.5 1.4 4.9 14.5 0.3 5.0 15.0 0.3 United States of America 26.0 40.4 4.0 0.4 1.3 3.4 0.4 0.6 1.4 Uruguay+ 9.9 48.0 0.2 3.0 8.0 0.4 3.2 7.9 0.4 Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) 14.0 22.8 0.6 3.2 9.4 0.3 3.3 10.1 0.3 Virgin Islands (UK)++ 6.7 4.8 Virgin Islands (USA) 6.0 16.8 0.4 12.0 10.1

Notes

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⁺ Observed rates, good quality data.

⁺⁺ Observed rates, without input for correction.

	Mortality								
	Death rates (per 100,000 population, by sex)								
	Land transport accidents 2009-2012, lay						Suicide and self-inflicted injuries 2009-2012, lay		
		Corrected	2007 201	Σ, ω,	Adjusted		•		
	Female	Male	F/M	Female	Male	F/M	Female	Male	F/M
Anguilla	-	13.5	-	-	13.8	-			
Antigua and Barbuda++	2.2	2.5	0.9	2.4	3.0	0.8			
Argentina+	5.6	20.0	0.3	5.4	19.9	0.3	2.8	11.7	0.2
Aruba++	5.3	31.3	0.2	5.7	29.9	0.2	3.5	2.0	1.8
Bahamas	5.4	15.9	0.3	5.5	15.3	0.4	2.2	3.4	0.6
Barbados	2.0	14.5	0.1	1.8	14.1	0.1	-	2.2	-
Belize	3.9	24.0	0.2	3.9	27.0	0.1	1.3	8.4	0.2
Bermuda+	2.8	21.2	0.1	4.0	23.8	0.2	-	9.1	-
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)									
Brazil+	7.6	36.5	0.2	7.6	36.4	0.2	2.1	8.0	0.3
Canada+	4.1	10.6	0.4	3.7	9.7	0.4	5.3	17.8	0.3
Cayman Islands++	3.9	16.3	0.2	5.5	18.8	0.3	- 4.2	4.1	-
Chile+	5.3	20.2	0.3	4.9	19.4	0.3	4.2	19.4	0.2
Colombia	6.5	28.7	0.2	6.8	30.8	0.2	2.0	10.1	0.2
Costa Rica+	5.1	19.4	0.3	5.0	19.3	0.3	2.3	10.9	0.2
Cuba+	3.1	12.8	0.2	2.9	11.1	0.3	5.6	21.5	0.3
Curaçao									
Dominica	2.8	19.0	0.1	3.1	18.5	0.2	2.8	10.9	0.3
Dominican Republic	10.8	53.5	0.2	11.2	56.7	0.2	1.7	7.3	0.2
Ecuador	10.5	46.5	0.2	10.9	49.4	0.2	4.7	11.0	0.4
El Salvador	8.8	35.4	0.2	9.3	42.2	0.2	4.4	16.7	0.3
French Guiana	2.7	19.5	0.1	2.7	20.5	0.1	4.4	9.7	0.5
Grenada		9.1	-	-	10.3	-		3.6	-
Guadeloupe+	2.1	25.6	0.1	2.2	27.3	0.1	4.6	13.0	0.4
Guatemala	3.3	12.0	0.3	3.7	15.2	0.2	1.8	3.9	0.5
Guyana	4.6	19.0	0.2	5.5	26.4	0.2	12.7	39.1	0.3
Haiti									
Honduras									
Jamaica									
Martinique+	3.7	11.9	0.3	2.6	12.8	0.2	3.3	10.3	0.3
Mexico+	5.5	22.7	0.2	5.8	24.7	0.2	1.7	7.8	0.2
Montserrat		38.9			47.0	-			
Nicaragua	4.2	24.0	0.2	4.5	27.6	0.2	5.2	14.9	0.3
Panama	4.0	23.6	0.2	4.1	25.3	0.2	1.1	7.4	0.1
Paraguay	13.3	42.6	0.3	13.5	44.8	0.3	4.6	9.4	0.5
Peru									
Puerto Rico+	4.6	16.4	0.3	3.7	15.5	0.2	2.3	13.5	0.2
Saint Kitts and Nevis	-	8.0			7.8	-	4.0		
Saint Lucia++	10.9	31.7	0.3	11.1	31.5	0.4		10.1	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	3.9	13.3	0.3	4.4	13.1	0.3	5.9	13.3	0.4
Sint Maarten (Dutch)									
Suriname+	8.9	33.7	0.3	9.1	35.2	0.3	12.3	38.0	0.3
Trinidad and Tobago++	9.5	32.1	0.3	8.7	29.5	0.3	5.4	25.0	0.2
Turks and Caicos Islands++	4.9	14.5	0.3	3.4	14.9	0.2		4.8	
United States of America	6.9	16.7	0.4	6.3	15.7	0.4	5.1	19.7	0.3
Uruguay+	7.5	23.3	0.3	6.7	22.8	0.3	7.2	25.9	0.3
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	11.2	42.3	0.3	11.6	44.3	0.3	1.1	4.3	0.3
Virgin Islands (UK)++	6.7	7.1	0.9	8.4	6.1	1.4			
Virgin Islands (USA)	-	14.0	-	-	15.2	-	5.3	10.0	0.5
Source:	W	W		W	W		W	W	

-- Data not available or not applicable. Italics are used when the data year is prior to the period shown. F/M: Ratio of Female/Male - Magnitude zero. lay: Latest available year.

⁺ Observed rates, good quality data. ++ Observed rates, without input for correction.

	Mortality								
		nd self-inflicted	d injuries	eath rates (per 100,000 population, by sex) Homicide and injuries purposely inflicted by another person					
	2009-2012, lay Adjusted			2009-2012, lay					
	Female	Male	F/M	Female	Corrected Male	F/M	Female	Adjusted Male	F/M
Anguilla				-	13.5	-	-	14.8	-
Antigua and Barbuda++				2.2	-		2.1	-	
Argentina+	2.8	11.6	0.2	1.4	7.4	0.2	1.4	7.3	0.2
Aruba++	4.2	1.9	2.2	1.8	5.9	0.3	1.2	6.4	0.2
Bahamas	2.1	3.7	0.6	8.1	49.4	0.2	7.8	45.4	0.2
Barbados	-	1.7	-	6.8	13.0	0.5	6.8	12.2	0.6
Belize	1.3	11.0	0.1	8.4	67.4	0.1	8.3	74.5	0.1
Bermuda+	-	7.5	-	-	18.2	-	-	21.5	-
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)									
Brazil+	2.0	8.0	0.3	4.4	48.3	0.1	4.3	46.0	0.1
Canada+	4.7	15.4	0.3	0.8	2.5	0.3	0.9	2.6	0.3
Cayman Islands++	-	5.1		-	36.7	-	-	42.3	-
Chile+	4.0	18.6	0.2	1.0	8.2	0.1	1.0	7.9	0.1
Colombia	1.9	10.6	0.2	8.0	99.7	0.1	7.9	98.9	0.1
Costa Rica+	2.2	10.8	0.2	2.7	15.6	0.2	2.7	15.0	0.2
Cuba+	4.4	17.5	0.2	2.4	7.1	0.3	2.3	6.6	0.3
Curação									
Dominica Dominican Republic	2.7	10.4	0.3	-	10.9	-	-	10.2	-
	1.7	8.4	0.2	3.9	35.1		3.9	36.6	0.1
Ecuador	4.6	11.6	0.4	3.9	32.2	0.1	4.0	33.4	0.1
El Salvador French Guiana	4.1	17.8	0.2	17.8	142.6	0.1	17.5	146.7	0.1
Grenada	4.8	13.3 3.7	0.4	3.6	15.9 7.3		3.7	16.6	
Guadeloupe+	2 0		- 0.2	12	7.3 7.4	0.2	- 1.4	6.9	- 0.2
Guatemala	3.8 1.7	13.3 4.6	0.3	1.2 8.3	56.8	0.2	1.4 9.9	8.0 69.1	0.2
Guyana	13.3	52.8	0.4	6.2	22.1	0.1	7.2	27.6	0.1
Haiti								27.0	
Honduras									
Jamaica									
Martinique+	3.0	11.5	0.3	1.4	4.3	0.3	1.1	3.8	0.3
Mexico+	1.7	8.3	0.2	4.1	38.2	0.1	4.1	39.4	0.1
Montserrat									
Nicaragua	4.7	15.5	0.3	1.2	15.8	0.1	1.2	16.6	0.1
Panama	1.1	7.8	0.1	3.0	39.0	0.1	3.1	38.7	0.1
Paraguay	4.5	9.7	0.5	3.8	21.4	0.2	3.6	23.1	0.2
Peru									
Puerto Rico+	2.1	12.4	0.2	2.9	50.4	0.1	3.0	51.6	0.1
Saint Kitts and Nevis	3.7	-		-	99.5	-	-	98.0	-
Saint Lucia++	-	10.6		8.5	45.7	0.2	7.3	44.2	0.2
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	5.7	13.0	0.4	9.8	24.7	0.4	8.6	23.7	0.4
Sint Maarten (Dutch)									
Suriname+	12.7	40.3	0.3	2.7	10.7	0.3	2.7	12.1	0.2
Trinidad and Tobago++	5.1	23.6	0.2	8.4	78.5	0.1	8.0	71.9	0.1
Turks and Caicos Islands++	-	5.0	-	-	9.6	-	-	6.2	-
United States of America	4.6	17.7	0.3	2.2	8.2	0.3	2.2	8.6	0.3
Uruguay+	6.5	23.9	0.3	1.9	8.8	0.2	2.0	8.8	0.2
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	1.1	4.8	0.2	3.9	63.7	0.1	3.9	61.8	0.1
Virgin Islands (UK)++									
Virgin Islands (USA)	5.5	9.5	0.6	12.4	98.2	0.1	15.1	140.4	0.1
Source:	W	W		W	W		W	W	

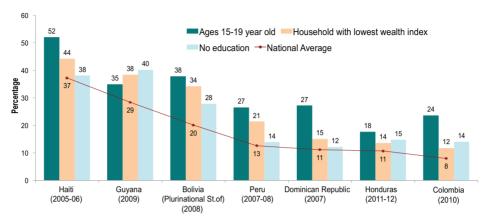
⁻⁻ Data not available or not applicable. Italics are used when the data year is prior to the period shown.

F/M: Ratio of Female/Male - Magnitude zero. lay: Latest available year.

⁺ Observed rates, good quality data. ++ Observed rates, without input for correction.

Family planning

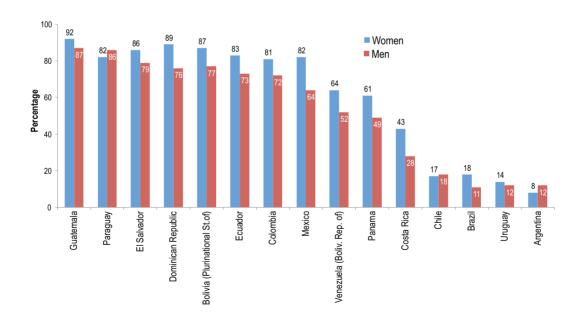
Percentage of women, in union, who reported unmet need for family planning services, by selected categories, Latin American and Caribbean countries with available data, 2005-2012



Source: Prepared based on data from MEASURE DHS STATcompiler, http://www.measuredhs.com. Accessed on 16 July 2013.

Access to retiree pension

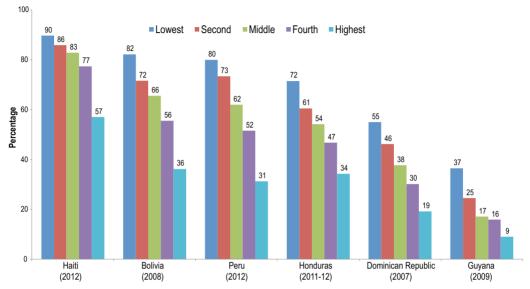
Percentage of people 65 years of age and older without retiree pension, by sex, Latin America countries with available data, circa 2010*



*Data from 2010, except for Bolivia 2007, and Brazil and Chile 2009. Source: ECLAC/Observatory on Gender Equality. Annual Report 2012, A look at grants, support and burden for women.

Access to health care

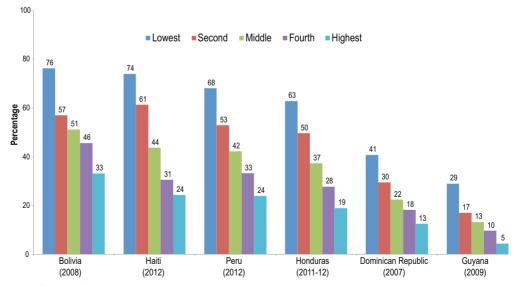
Percentage of women who reported having big problems in accessing health care for themselves when sick, due to lack of money for treatment, by household wealth index*, Latin America and Caribbean countries with available data, 2007-2012



^{*} The wealth index is a composite measure of a household's cumulative living standard. The wealth index is calculated using easy-to-collect data on a household's ownership of selected assets, such as televisions and bicycles; materials used for housing construction; and types of water access and sanitation facilities.

Source: MEASURE DHS STATcompiler, http://www.statcompiler.com. Accessed on 6 March 2014.

Percentage of women who reported having big problems in accessing health care for themselves when sick, due to distance to health facility, by household wealth index*, Latin America and Caribbean countries with available data, 2007-2012



Technical notes (in order of appearance)

Life expectance at age 60: The additional number of years that, on average, an individual who has reached 60 can be expected to live. Estimates are based on age- and sex-specific death rates.

Gross national income per capita, ppp value: Total domestic and foreign value added claimed by residents, plus all taxes on products (minus subsidies), plus net receipts of primary income from nonresident sources, divided by the midyear population. The result is converted to international dollars using purchasing power parity rates.

Population (%) **living below US\$ 1.25/day:** This indicator is also called *population* (%) *under the international poverty line*. Percent of the national population, or the population in a particular geographic area, that lives on less than US\$ 1.25 per day, at 2005 international prices, during a specific period, usually a year (previously this amount was \$ 1.09 daily, at 1993 international prices). Poverty rates in any given country are not comparable over time, because ppp conversion rates are revised periodically.

Population (%) **living below the national poverty line:** The operational definition of *national poverty* line varies from country to country and represents the amount of income required by a household in order that the basic needs of all its members can be met. The data shown are based on household surveys carried out in the particular countries.

Urban households headed by women (%) by poverty level: Households headed by women are those where the other members acknowledge a woman member as head. The household is considered *indigent*, *poor*, or *not poor*, relative to the national poverty line. The columns show percentages relative to total households in each poverty level. Data shown are from household surveys carried out in the particular countries.

Population (%) with access to improved drinking water sources: The population that has access to improved water sources is defined by the availability of at least 20 liters of water per person per day from a source within 1 kilometer of walking distance. Improved drinking water sources are: household connection, public standpipe, borehole, protected dug well, protected spring, rainwater collection. Unimproved drinking water sources are: unprotected well, unprotected spring, rivers or ponds, vendor-provided water, bottled water, tanker truck water. Bottled water is not considered improved due to limitations in the potential quantity, not quality, of the water. National definitions of *urban* and *rural* are used. The value shown for Paraguay is for 2010.

Population (%) with access to improved sanitation facilities: According to definitions established by the WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Program (JMP), this is the population with access to improved sanitation facilities in a given year, as a percentage of the corresponding total population that same year, in a given country or area. Excreta disposal systems are considered adequate if they are private and if they separate human excreta from human contact. Improved sanitation facilities are: connection to public sewer, connection to a septic system, pour-flush latrine, simple pit latrine, ventilated improved pit latrine. Unimproved sanitation facilities are: public or shared latrine, open pit latrine, bucket latrine. National definitions of *urban* and *rural* are used. The data shown for Paraguay are for 2010.

Total health care expenditure -public and private- as % of gross domestic product (GDP): Values for public expenditure in health correspond to expenditure in the *Health* function (Division 07) of the Functional Classification of Government Expenditures of the International Family of Classifications of the United Nations. This includes general government expenditures, social security funds and other (mandatory) public health insurance systems. Values for private health expenditure correspond to the estimates derived from the weight of the *Health/Personal* Care category in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for each country.

Women (%) in Parliament: For countries where Parliament has a single chamber, the percent shown is for the lower or single House; where there are two chambers, the percentage was obtained by dividing the total number of women in both chambers by the total, combined number of seats available. The data were provided by countries to the Inter-Parliamentary Union by 1 February 2013; they correspond to elections held between 2008 and 2012.

Women (%) in the Supreme Court: Percent of women ministers at the highest court of justice or Supreme Court, relative to the total number of women and men currently serving as ministers.

Women (%) in ministerial posts: Percent of women holding ministerial posts during one presidential term, relative to the total number of women and men who held ministerial-level posts during that presidential term. The data are based on information provided to ECLAC by national units for the advancement of women or, in their absence, official information published online by governments. Updated through 6 November 2012.

Gender Inequality Index (GII): The Gender Inequality Index reflects women's disadvantage in three dimensions: reproductive health, empowerment and the labor market. The index shows the loss in human development due to inequality between female and male achievements in these dimensions. It ranges from 0, which indicates that women and men fare equally, to 1, which indicates that women fare as poorly as possible in all measured dimensions. Calculation of the GII takes into account the following: maternal mortality ratio, adolescent fertility rate, share of parliamentary seats held by each sex, attainment at secondary and higher education levels, and labor market participation rate. This booklet shows the GII *rank* for countries in the Region of the Americas; the ranking was prepared by the United Nations Development Program (UNDP) and published in the Human Development Report 2013.

Percent enrolled in secondary school: Ratio of the total number of students enrolled in secondary school, regardless of age, to the population in the applicable age group for this educational level in the country (gross enrollment ratio, secondary), multiplied by 100.

Percent enrolled in higher education: Ratio of the total number of students enrolled in any kind of postsecondary education, regardless of age, to the population in the applicable age group for this educational level in the country (gross enrollment ratio, tertiary), multiplied by 100. For the tertiary level it is customary to use the five-year age group immediately following the upper limit of secondary-school ages.

Economically active urban population (%): Women and men 15 years old and older, residents of urban areas, who work in the formal or informal sectors, as percent of the total urban population in that same sex- and age group (labor force participation rate).

Urban workers employed in low-productivity sectors of the labor market (%): Percent of urban women (men) employed in low-productivity sectors of the labor market, relative to total employed women (men) in the urban area. *Low-productivity sectors* include three broad categories: small enterprises (business establishments employing up to five persons (data for the Dominican Republic, El Salvador, and Panama are for businesses employing up to four persons); domestic employment; and self-employed individuals and unpaid family workers without professional or technical qualifications.

Unpaid family workers: Those workers who have "independent employment" in a market-oriented business run by a family member who lives in the same household, who cannot be considered business partners and who are not remunerated.

Urban population 15 years and older (%) without own income: Percent of urban population 15 years old and older who earn no monetary income and are not students, i.e., 100 * (Number of urban women (men) 15 years old and older without own income / Number of urban women (men) 15 years old and older, with and without own income). The data are from household surveys.

Share of women (%) in wage employment in the non-agricultural sector: Women wage employees in the non-agricultural sector as percent of total wage employees in that sector.

Urban women's employment income as % of men's: Refers to differences in income among the total employed urban population. It is calculated as the mean income of urban women divided by that of urban men, multiplied by 100.

Total fertility rate: The number of children a cohort of women would have, on average, at the end of their reproductive period (usually considered to be 15-49 years of age) if they were subject during their whole lives to the age-specific fertility rates of a given period and they were not subject to mortality. It is expressed as number of children per woman.

Teens (%) who are mothers or are pregnant with their first child: Percent of women 15-19 years old who are mothers or were pregnant with their first child at the time of the survey.

Births (%) of order >3: Percent of live births, in the two years preceding the survey, to women who have already given birth to at least three other children. The numerator includes births of order >3 regardless of whether they are also in any other reproductive risk category.

Births (%) within an interval <24 months since last delivery: Percent of all births, excluding first births, occurring less than 24 months since the previous delivery which resulted in a live birth. First-order births are excluded from the denominator. The data are from national surveys and include births occurring in the five years preceding the survey.

Prevalence of anemia (%) among women: Among non-pregnant women, anemia is defined as a blood hemoglobin level of less than 12 grams per deciliter (g/dl); among pregnant women, it is defined by a level under 11 g/dl.

Prevalence of obesity (%): Obesity is defined as an excessive amount of body fat relative to lean body mass, or a Body Mass Index (BMI) ≥30. BMI is defined as weight (in kilograms) divided by the square of the height (in meters). The data shown are from surveys, most of them at sub-national level and in various population groups, hence they are not comparable among countries. Moreover, there might also be differences as to sampling methods and even between data years for women and men.

Reported maternal mortality ratio per 100,000 live births: Ratio of the registered, or estimated, number of deaths from maternal causes per 100,000 live births. *Maternal death* is defined as the death of a woman while pregnant or within 42 days following termination of pregnancy, regardless of the length and site of the pregnancy, due to conditions related to, or aggravated by, the pregnancy and its care, but not due to accidental or incidental causes. The Tenth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases (ICD-10) also defines *late maternal death* as the death of a woman due to direct or indirect obstetric causes after 42 days but less than one year following termination of pregnancy, and deaths *related to pregnancy* as the death of a woman while pregnant or within 42 days following termination of pregnancy, regardless of the cause of death. For purposes of international reporting of maternal mortality, only those deaths occurring before the end of the 42-day reference period should be included.

Corrected death rate (per 100,000 women or men) (due to selected causes): The quotient between the corrected number of deaths of women (or men) in a given population, due to a particular cause, and the total number in that same population, per 100,000 women (or men). At PAHO, corrected death rates are calculated based on registered deaths by cause, applying an algorithm for correction of underregistration of mortality and an algorithm for allocating, by cause, deaths assigned to the group Signs, symptoms and ill-defined causes (ICD-10, R00-R99). (See www.paho.org/English/DD/AIS/HSA2006.htm.) Registered rates, without correction, are presented for two groups of countries: (1) those where the data are of high quality: less than 10% underregistration of mortality and of deaths assigned to ill-defined causes (Argentina, Bermuda, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Costa Rica, Cuba, Guadeloupe, Martinique, Mexico, Puerto Rico, United States, Uruguay), and (2) countries for which the inputs required for making corrections are unavailable (Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, Cayman Islands, Turks and Caicos Islands, Saint Lucia, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Virgin Islands (UK)).

The categories of the International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) that were included in the cause groups presented are: malignant neoplasms of cervix uteri, C53; malignant neoplasms of breast, C50; cerebrovascular diseases, I60-I69; ischemic heart disease, I20-I25; diabetes mellitus, E10-E14; cirrhosis and other chronic diseases of liver, K70, K73, K74, K76; malignant neoplasms of trachea, bronchus and lung, C33-C34; malignant neoplasms of prostate, C61; HIV disease, B20-B24; land transport accidents, V01-V89; suicide and self-inflicted injury, X60-X84; homicide and injury purposely inflicted by another person, X85-Y09.

Age-adjusted death rates (per 100,000 women or men) (for selected causes): Rates were calculated using the direct method, applying the WHO world standard population. (See www.who.int/healthinfo/paper31.pdf.)

Annual incidence of reported AIDS cases (per 100,000): Number of new cases of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) reported in a given year, by sex, per 100,000 population of that same sex. The data are provided by PAHO country offices and PAHO/WHO regional technical programs, and are based on information reported by the national disease surveillance and control programs.

Women infected with HIV (%) among all persons 15 years and older who are infected: Share of women (%) infected with HIV among the total infected population 15 years and older.

Prevalence of HIV (%) in the population 15-24 years old: Percent of persons infected with HIV in the total population 15-24 years of age, by sex.

Women (%) 15-49 years old, in union, using contraceptive methods: Percent of women 15-49 years of age, married or in union, who are currently using, or whose sexual partner is currently using, at least one method of contraception. The data are from national surveys, and other age groups are often used: 15-45 years; 18-44 years; 15-44 years; 15-50 years.

Prenatal care by trained personnel: Percent of pregnant women who had at least four health care visit during the pregnancy, provided by a trained health worker. *Health care visit during pregnancy* is defined as a health visit for control and monitoring of the pregnancy and ambulatory care for associated morbidity; direct vaccination activities and health care services rendered just prior to delivery are not included. *Trained* personnel include medical doctors, certified nurses and licensed midwives; traditional birth attendants are not included.

Deliveries (%) attended by trained personnel: Deliveries attended by *trained* personnel in a given year, regardless of the place of occurrence, as percent of the total number of births during that same year. *Trained* personnel include medical doctors, certified nurses and licensed midwives; traditional birth attendants are not included.

Deliveries (%) by caesarean section: Percent of live births delivered by caesarean section in the five years preceding the survey.

Prevalence of tobacco use among adolescents: The population 13-15 years of age in a given country or geographic area, by sex, that used any amount of a tobacco product during the 30 days prior to the survey, expressed as a percentage of that population.

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