

14th MEETING OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
Washington, D. C.
20-22 September 1951

Topic 17: APPOINTMENT OF THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF THE
PAN AMERICAN SANITARY BUREAU

On June 30, 1951, Dr. John R. Murdock, Assistant Director of the Pan American Sanitary Bureau appointed in October 1941, and reappointed in October 1947 by the Director of the Bureau with the approval of the Executive Committee at its II Meeting, submitted his resignation to this post.

After having served in various posts during sixteen years in the United States Public Health Service, Dr. Murdock joined the Bureau in January 1937. He represented the Bureau at numerous conferences and international meetings and he participated in many field activities, among which may be mentioned the following: organization of an anti-Yellow Fever campaign in Brazil and organization of the Yellow Fever Service in Paraguay (1937); plague control in the ports and inland cities in Peru (1938); plague control in Ecuador (1938); campaign for the eradication of plague in Guayaquil (1938); organization of centers for the treatment of poliomyelitis in Chile and Colombia (1939); organization of the Caribbean Sector of the Panamerican Sanitary Bureau (1940); organization of the Health Division of the Office of the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs (1941); organization of the Malaria Division in the Dominican Republic (1941); organization and direction of a health survey and analysis, including zoonosis, of several of the peoples bordering the Panamerican Highway, from Laredo, Texas, to Panama City; initiation of the cooperative programs in Panama, Venezuela, Haiti, Dominican Republic, Mexico, Guatemala, El Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua and Costa Rica (1940-1943); and Assistant Director of the Pan American Sanitary Bureau (1944-1951). Dr. Murdock was the author, also, of various articles on public health.

It is a privilege for the Director to express on this occasion deep appreciation for Dr. Murdock's collaboration and for the service, the unselfish dedication and interest which he always displayed in the cause of Panamerican Health.

The Director appointed Dr. Paulo G. A. Antunes, Assistant Director of the Panamerican Sanitary Bureau, as of July 1, 1951, and requests the approval of the Executive Committee in accordance with Clause B of Article 18 of the Constitution of the Panamerican Sanitary Organization.

Following is a summary of the curriculum vitae of Dr. Paulo C.A. Antunes, Brazilian physician and Master and Doctor of Public Health of the Johns Hopkins School of Public Health.

Born - São Paulo, Brazil - May 25, 1901

Professional education:

M.D. - Faculdade de Medicina, Universidade de Sao Paulo
(1925)

M.P.H.)
Dr. P.H.) John Hopkins School of Public Health - 1941-43

Positions:

1928-30 - Medical Officer, Leprosy Control Service,
São Paulo State Health Dept.

1931-45 - Head of Section of Parasitology and Rural
Health, Institute of Hygiene of São Paulo.

1934-36*- Medical Officer, Yellow Fever Service of
Brazil and Rockefeller Foundation

1938* - Director, State Malaria Control Service,
São Paulo

1939-41*- Assistant Director, Gambiae Eradication
Service, Brazil

1944-45*- Director, Amazon Program, a joint endeavor
of the Ministry of Health of Brazil and IIAA

1945 - Appointed Professor of Rural Health Practice
and Parasitology, School of Hygiene and Public
Health, São Paulo

1947-49** Director, State Health Department, São Paulo

1949** - Joined the PASB and appointed Chief, Division
of Public Health

1951** - Appointed Director, School of Hygiene and Public
Health, São Paulo

* - On leave of absence from the Institute of Hygiene of São Paulo

** - On leave of absence from the School of Hygiene and Public
Health of São Paulo