# 152nd SESSION OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Washington, D.C., USA, 17-21 June 2013

CE152.R13 (Eng.) ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

# RESOLUTION CE152.R13

# COOPERATION FOR HEALTH DEVELOPMENT IN THE AMERICAS

# THE 152nd SESSION OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE,

Having reviewed the document *Cooperation among Countries for Health Development in the Americas* (Document CE152/15),

#### **RESOLVES:**

To recommend that the 52nd Directing Council adopt a resolution along the following lines:

# COOPERATION FOR HEALTH DEVELOPMENT IN THE AMERICAS

# THE 52nd DIRECTING COUNCIL,

Having reviewed the document Cooperation for Health Development in the Americas (Document CD52/\_\_);

Taking into account United Nations Resolution 33/134, which endorses the Buenos Aires Plan of Action regarding technical cooperation among developing countries (1978); United Nations Resolution A/RES/64/222, which endorses the outcome document of the High-level United Nations Conference on South-South Cooperation, held in Nairobi (2009); and the Busan Partnership for Effective Development Cooperation statement (2011);

Recalling Resolution EB60.R4 of the WHO Executive Board, which recommends that programs and activities promote and stimulate cooperation among countries, and Resolution CD25.R28 of the PAHO Directing Council, which recommends that technical

cooperation programs be conducted jointly by countries both inside and outside subregional groupings;

Taking into account the reports provided by the Pan American Sanitary Bureau in 1980 (27th Directing Council), 1984 (30th Directing Council), 1985 (31st Directing Council), 1986 (22nd Pan American Sanitary Conference), 1998 (25th Pan American Sanitary Conference), and 2005 (46th Directing Council) on progress in the implementation of initiatives of technical cooperation among countries within PAHO;

Aware that both international health cooperation and the concept of technical cooperation among developing countries have evolved over time towards a broader concept of cooperation among countries and horizontal partnerships that can include a wide range of health development actors, including governmental entities, multilateral organizations, private sector, civil society, and academic institutions, among others;

Noting that traditional development assistance for health is declining among middle-income countries, including most of those in the Region of the Americas, and that complementary health development and cooperation mechanisms must be fostered and strengthened in order to continue advancement of the regional and global health agendas;

Recognizing that many countries and partners in the Region have made important health development advances and have acquired development expertise that may be beneficial to others in the Region and in other regions; and appreciating that many countries in the Region actively participate in South-South, triangular, and other forms of cooperation among countries, particularly in health development issues,

# **RESOLVES:**

- 1. To approve the renewed policy for cooperation for health development in the Americas as contained in Document CD52/\_\_.
- 2. To urge Member States to:
- (a) continue their advocacy in international forums and dialogue for the mobilization of political will and resources to support and further strengthen cooperation among countries and other donors, and solidify its role as a complementary approach to international cooperation;
- (b) initiate, lead and manage initiatives of cooperation for health development and continue ongoing efforts to strengthen national capacity to participate in international health cooperation both within and across regions, in coordination with PAHO, as deemed appropriate by Member States;
- (c) promote and intensify ongoing initiatives to share good practices and experiences that then form the basis for exchanges and collective learning among countries,

- including the sharing of methodologies for the assessment of activities of cooperation among countries;
- (d) support the mobilization of resources for strengthening cooperation for health development within the Region and across regions;
- (e) identify national institutions associated with PAHO/WHO in technical cooperation that could potentially take part in technical cooperation initiatives with countries in the Region on specific issues;
- (f) promote harmonization and alignment of the health agendas of subregional organizations with that of PAHO in order to strengthen cooperation between countries, organizations, and other agents of change in order to effectively address common health issues.
- 3. To request the Director to:
- (a) promote and collaborate with Member States and other donors in South-South and triangular cooperation and resource mobilization efforts, to strengthen cooperation among countries as a viable and sustainable modality of cooperation for health development;
- (b) mainstream the policy for cooperation for health development into the Organization's technical cooperation programs and the new strategic plan, while avoiding duplication of efforts across the Region;
- (c) promote the Organization's brokering role and facilitate the linking of supply and demand for health expertise, experience, and technology at the national, regional, and global levels in coordination with other WHO offices, other agencies of the United Nations and Inter-American systems, and other partners, with particular attention to those entities supporting health development and humanitarian assistance in health, including the development of the appropriate mechanisms for interregional exchanges;
- (d) strengthen relations with subregional organizations including, as appropriate, by signing agreements that designate the Organization as their specialized health agency, in order to facilitate the performance of PAHO's strategic role in the coordination and optimization of cooperation between countries;
- (e) facilitate the development of methodologies and guidelines for the assessment and evaluation of modalities of cooperation and their impact on health development in order to strengthen evidence-based approaches and identify how best to use these modalities to strengthen and accelerate health progress in the Region;

- (f) continue the development and enhancement of the regional knowledge-sharing platform in order to facilitate the exchange and sharing of good practices and methodologies based on the countries' experiences;
- (g) promote the forging of sustainable and flexible strategic partnerships and networks among national and subregional institutions, regional centers of excellence, and nongovernmental actors that can be called upon to address shared health issues both within and across regions;
- (h) strengthen the mechanisms of technical cooperation among countries, promoting its strategic use to address targeted health priorities and health problems that are most effectively addressed through collective action within and across regions;
- (i) present to the Directing Council or Pan American Sanitary Conference periodic assessments of the implementation of the policy on cooperation for health development in the Americas, with the aim of highlighting possible challenges and/or success factors that may contribute to the further improvement of the policy, beginning with the 29th Pan American Sanitary Conference.

(Eighth meeting, 20 June 2013)